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Action research to reassess the effectiveness of a blended learning approach in postgraduate business education using unified theory of acceptance and use of technology model

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Action research to reassess the effectiveness of a blended learning approach in postgraduate business education using unified theory of acceptance and use of technology model

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Tel: +44 (0) 121 331 5224 Email: <u>muhammad.sanusi@bcu.ac.uk</u> Email Address: <u>mssanusi2003@yahoo.co.uk</u> Abstract: Although the pedagogy of blended learning in higher education has been well-accepted since its inception in 2000 particularly due to the incessant technological innovations, its impact on students' experience has been reliant on various factors. This includes cultural diversity and background, technical abilities, level of organisational support, language difficulties, educational background, learning environment, instructional design, and many others. In this study, the effectiveness of the blended learning approach has been practically reassessed among the diverse cohorts of international students at Birmingham City University. The motivation for the selection of this sample was to enable the inclusion of diversity as one of the focal points of the study. Data was collected from the action research undertaken and analysed based on a survey research method. This was to test the significance of the hypotheses formulated and find answers to the research questions that were designed to portray the central intent of the study. Based on the action research, two-cycle model was adopted to reassess the effectiveness of blended learning in comparison to the traditional learning approach. In the first cycle, the effectiveness of traditional learning approach was tested. The mixed responses received had justified the implementation of the second cycle of the action research. In the second cycle, the blended learning approach was adopted in the class session and its effectiveness tested by administering questionnaires to the students under study. Furthermore, multiple regressions were employed using unified theory of acceptance and use of technology (UTAUT) to test the significance of each variable collected from the survey on the students' learning experience and engagement. Our results have suggested that students' engagement is determined by positive learning experience without any bias to traditional or blended learning approach. Students' age group was found to be relevant in the determination of behavioural intention, social influence, effort expectancy, performance expectancy and facilitating conditions towards the effective use of technology and blended learning. Students' gender was an irrelevant factor in the success of blended learning approach.

Keywords: Action research; Blended learning; Unified theory of acceptance and use of technology; Triangular model; Traditional learning; Students' engagement; Learning experience.

1. Introduction

Students' learning experience has continued to be an important yardstick for measuring the success of teaching and learning activities in higher education. In the United Kingdom, teaching excellence framework (TEF) has recently been established to assess the higher education providers' commitment in ensuring positive students' learning experience in universities and colleges (Office for Students (OFS), 2018). The key parameters of success identified in the framework are teaching quality, learning environment, students' outcomes and learning gain. The role of teachers or instructors is indispensable in the TEF key parameters of success in the quality of teaching. For example, Kangas, et al. (2017) stressed that teachers are expected to adopt various teaching methods and utilize novel learning environments with technologies to ensure positive learning experience among students. Scholars such as Davis and Davis (1990), Kerwin (1981) and Lam & Wong (1974) have also suggested that learning satisfaction is influenced by factors such as teacher's teaching skills, contents of delivery in teaching, individual characteristics and students' participation. Verkuyten and Thijs (2002) have added that conducive academic and social climates in the class are responsible for the positive experience on students' satisfaction with learning. In the view of Fischer et al. (2018), positive learning experience depends on the ability of teachers to align their teaching styles to a new or evolving educational landscape. In a wider perspective, Hicks et al. (2001) highlighted that the increasing demand for higher education institutions to provide for a larger and more diverse cross-section of the population was the main cause of the rapid evolvement in educational practice (see also Fry et al. (2008) and McKenzie et al. (2013)). This also led to the advent of new pedagogies in teaching profession.

To find the most effective teaching and learning approach for the achievement of optimal students' satisfaction and learning outcome, many pedagogical concepts have been employed by researchers and practitioners in higher education. Among these pedagogical concepts adopted or tested are blended learning approach (Garrison and Kanuka, 2004; Picciano, 2009; Khodeir, 2018; Kaur, 2013; Boelens, et al., 2018), flipped learning approach (Awidi and Paynter, 2019; Kolb and Kolb, 2005; Hafidi and Mahnane, 2018; Cavanagh, 2011; Soliman, 2016; Lin, 2018; Lombardini et al., 2018), traditional learning approach (Byers et al., 2018; Tortorella and Cauchick-Miguel,

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2018; Clayton et al., 2018), playful learning approach (Kangas et al., 2017; Resnick, 2006; Hyvönen and Marjaana, 2005). Despite the large number of studies conducted on teaching pedagogies, scholars such as Khodeir (2018) have recommended for further research on pedagogies to examine their impact on students' satisfaction or the process of their implantation among diverse cross-sections of students.

The purpose of this action research is to reassess the effectiveness of blended learning approach, comparing it with a traditional learning approach among the selected cohorts of international postgraduate business students at Birmingham City University. The novelty of the study lies in the methodology of two-cycle action research adopted to exclusively adopt the two learning approaches at different times among the cohorts under study. The methodology will also include the use of technology acceptance model in assessing the effectiveness of the blended learning approach.

2. Review of literature

Blended learning approach has been increasingly adopted in higher education institutions because of its flexibility (Prasad et al., 2018). It involves both the face-toface and the online teaching techniques that empower the teacher or instructor to be flexible in the adoption of the two approaches based on the learning needs of the students (Partridge et al., 2011). The approach has been described by Garrison and Kanuka (2004) as both simple and complex because it is seemingly an extension of the traditional face-to-face learning approach. The scholars have also argued that the inclusion of internet-based learning activities in the pedagogy of blended learning is considerably complex but not too advanced. Blended learning approach has been very successful in the Western universities compared to other international higher education institutions (Prasad et al., 2018). This could be due to the differences in previous learning experiences that exist between Western and international students which resulted in a digital inequality as claimed by Prasad et al. (2018). The background of students in terms of their social, economic and cultural disposition is responsible for the digital inequality (Ignatow and Robinson, 2017). As one of the reasons behind the success of blended learning in the Western World was due to the spread of internet and technological advancement (Güzer and Caner, 2014). Since

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the influx of international students for various programmes in the Western universities has been significant over the years (Haggis, 2003), the undoubtful success of blended learning has been subjected to further investigations by many researchers. For example, Boelens et al. (2018) have tested the effectiveness of various designs of blended learning in relation to the growing students' diversity in the Belgian higher education. A total of twenty instructors were used in their study. The instructors were encouraged to design and implement various strategies in blended learning to address the diversity of the students. Their findings reveal three different perceptions of the instructors on the implementation of the blended learning approach. The first class of instructors have disregarded the special needs of students in the implementation of blended learning. They employed the commonly used strategies of the blended learning without any transformation. In this situation, students' satisfaction may not be positive. The second class of instructors believed that an increased support in the existing blended learning would reasonably address the special needs of students. The third class of instructors believed that blended learning should be completely designed in cognisance of the special learning needs of the students, and thus achieve the optimal students' satisfaction. These findings indicate that the success of blended learning approach depends on the perception and attitude of instructors. Mieg (2009) and Smith and Strahan (2004) have also made the same conclusion.

Case study research studies have been conducted to examine the differences between blended and traditional learning by scholars such as Nazarenko (2015) and Byers et al. (2018). Nazarenko (2015) undertook a case study research on university students to assess the impact of the two approaches on students' experience. The findings indicated that students' professional and informational competencies were improved with blended learning approach. Khodeir (2018) and Byers et al. (2018) have gone to the extent of changing classroom layout to reflect traditional and blended approaches respectively. The scholars have all discovered the importance of learning spaces in effective learning.

Learners' behavioural intentions towards the use of blended learning have also been investigated by scholars. The learners' behavioural intentions towards the use of technology were mostly examined. In the study of Prasad et al. (2018), a unified theory of acceptance and use of technology (UTAUT) model was adopted. The model was

used to assess the importance of learners' social influence (behavioural intention), facilitating conditions (ease of use), and effort expectancy (attitude) towards the use of technology as the key to successful implementation of blended learning pedagogy. Several scholars have used technology acceptance models in a similar way to assess the effectiveness of blended learning in higher education, considering the growing number of international students in the Western universities and colleges. Some of these models are the theory of reasoned action (TRA) (Fishbein and Ajzen, 1975), the theory of planned behaviour (TPB) (Ajzen, 1985) and technology acceptance model (TAM) (Davis, 1989; Scherer et al., 2019). Results were mixed. However, the crucial findings are that the success stories of blended learning approach were from studies on the learning satisfaction of local (European) students (Francis and Shannon, 2013; Johnson et al., 2016; Prasad et al., 2018). Bower et al. (2014) believed that changes are needed to the existing blended learning to include skilful integration of online and face-to-face teaching materials as well as ensure purposeful design to address the special needs of learners. Chang and Cheung (2001) have identified a challenge to blended learning due to the barriers to the full acceptance of technology by international students (see also Kennedy et al., 2008). The mixed results and the failure to consider blended learning as a challenge-free pedagogy justify the need for this research.

3. Research methodology

3.1 Action research

A two-cycle model of action research was adopted as in Mertler and Charles (2008) to assess the effectiveness of blended learning approach among international MBA students at Birmingham City University. According to Muir (2007), each of the two cycles of the action research will consist actions of planning, executing, or intervening, analysing, reflecting and findings. We intend to have an initial observation of the current situation prior to the commencement of first cycle of the action research. Our reflection and findings from the first cycle will be our guide to plan our action for the second cycle.

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3.2 Survey method

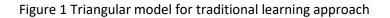
Questionnaires were administered among two different cohorts of students enrolled for International MBA degree. Class sessions used for the action research were arranged to be undertaken separately using different learning approaches. The duration of the class sessions was planned to be seven hours each for teaching and learning activities based on traditional and blended learning approach respectively. A total of 84 surveys were completed and two were excluded due to incomplete responses.

3.3 Data analysis

Data collected from the two cycles of the action research was analysed based on a survey research method. In the analysis of the data, descriptive statistics and multiple regressions were employed as in Prasad et al (2018) to test the significance of the variables collected. The aim was to assess the postgraduate students' engagement with Information Technology platforms such as Moodle and Mahara using unified theory of acceptance and use of technology (UTAUT) model, (Venkatesh et al., 2003). The adoption of UTAUT was motivated by the intention to investigate the readiness and efforts of different cohorts of postgraduate students in adopting the systems of Moodle and Mahara in blended learning. A triangular model was also adopted to test students' satisfaction in a class session based on a traditional learning approach by using three key areas of traditional learning environment (TLE), learning experience (LE) and students' engagement (SE). A two-way multiple regression analysis will be carried to assess whether traditional learning environment (TLE) and students' engagement (SE) as independent variables can be responsible for positive learning experience (LE) as a dependent variable. In a similar way, TLE and LE will be used as independent variables and SE as a dependent variable. The extent of relationship between the three variables will equally be assessed.

3.4 Models

Figures 1 and 2 below show the models adopted to assess students' satisfaction under both traditional and blended learning approach. Figure 1 tests the experience under traditional methods, while Figure 2 deals with the model to explore the blended learning approach. The models are tested using the survey responses from the action research undertaken (see Appendix 1 and 2 for questionnaires administered).



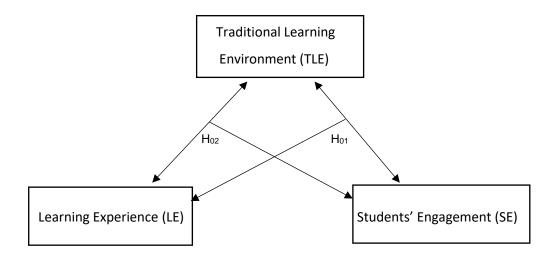
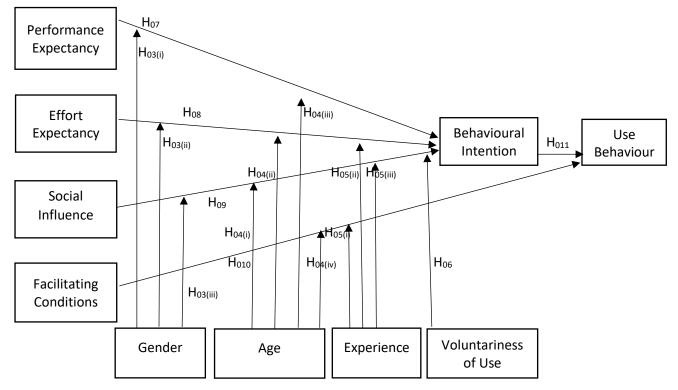


Figure 2 Unified theory of acceptance and use of technology (UTAUT) for blended learning approach



3.5 Research hypotheses

The research hypotheses to be tested are formulated:

 H_{01} – Traditional learning environment and students' engagement are the determinants of positive learning experience.

 H_{02} – Traditional learning environment and learning experience are the determinants of desired students' engagement.

 H_{03} – Students' gender determines their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning approach.

 $H_{03 (i)}$ – Students' gender determines the performance expectancy towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

 $H_{03 (ii)}$ – Students' gender determines effort expectancy towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

H_{03 (iii)} – Students' gender determines social influence towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{04} – Students' age determines their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning approach.

 $H_{04(i)}$ – Students' age determines the effect of social influence towards effective use of technology and blended learning.

H_{04 (ii)} – Students' age determines effort expectancy towards effective use of technology and blended learning.

H_{04 (iii)} – Students' age determines performance expectancy towards effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{04} (iv) – Students' age determines the perception of students on facilitating conditions for effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{05} – Students' work experience determines their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning approach.

 H_{05} (i) – Students' work experience determines the perception of students on facilitating conditions for effective use of technology and blended learning.

H_{05 (ii)} – Students' work experience determines effort expectancy towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

H_{05 (iii)} – Students' work experience determines the effect of social influence towards effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{06} – Students' voluntariness of use (proxied by students' preference) determines the effect of social influence on their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{07} – Students' performance expectancy determines their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{07} (i) – Students' performance expectancy determines their behavioural intention to continue using IT resources and facilities to support their learning process.

 H_{07} (ii) – Students' performance expectancy determines the behavioural intention of students to engage with any invention in IT to enhance their learning experience.

H₀₇ (iii) – Students' performance expectancy determines the behaviour of students that does not envisage limited use of IT in learning activities.

 H_{07} (iv) – Students' performance expectancy determines the expectation of students to achieve their learning objectives without IT or any online resources.

 H_{08} – Students' effort expectancy determines their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{08} (i) – Students' effort expectancy determines their behavioural intention to continue using IT resources and facilities to support their learning process.

 $H_{08 (ii)}$ – Students' effort expectancy determines the behavioural intention of students to engage with any invention in IT to enhance their learning experience.

H_{08 (iii)} – Students' effort expectancy determines the behaviour of students that does not envisage limited use of IT in learning activities.

 $H_{08 (iv)}$ – Students' effort expectancy determines the expectation of students to achieve their learning objectives without IT or any online resources.

 H_{09} – Students' social influence determines their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

 H_{09} (i) – Students' social influence determines their behavioural intention to continue using IT resources and facilities to support their learning process.

 H_{09} (ii) – Students' social influence determines the behavioural intention of students to engage with any invention in IT to enhance their learning experience.

 $H_{09 (iii)}$ – Students' social influence determines the behaviour of students that does not envisage limited use of IT in learning activities.

 $H_{09 (iv)}$ – Students' social influence determines the expectation of students to achieve their learning objectives without IT or any online resources.

 H_{010} – Facilitating conditions determine the students' use of technology behaviour towards effective blended learning.

 H_{011} – Students' behavioural intention determines their end-use of technology behaviour towards effective blended learning.

 H_{012} – The state of learning environment dictates the success of blended learning approach in the higher education sector.

 H_{013} – The quality of instructional design is a key for achieving positive students' experience through blended learning approach.

4. Results and discussion of findings

4.1 Action research

The following results are from the two-cycle model of action research conducted (Muir, 2007; Mertler and Charles, 2008).

4.1.1 First cycle:

4.1.1.1 Plan

- Teaching and learning activities were planned to be undertaken based on traditional learning approach where the use of information technology was limited or absent (Dovey and Fisher, 2014).
- Learning instructions were to be given to students in the class sessions.
 Students were expected to take notes on their notebooks instead of computers, laptops, mobile or any IT gadget (Byers et al., 2018).
- iii. Assignments (in-class and homework) were to be given in the class.Students would be asked to bring back assignments in the following week

for marking. The aim was to limit the adoption of wider pedagogies that facilitate technology-enhanced learning (Dumont and Istance, 2010).

iv. Classes were arranged based on the traditional classroom layout with all students directly facing the board (Byers et al., 2018; Hidalgo-Cabrillana and Lopez-Mayan, 2018).

4.1.1.2 Action

- Approach of teaching adopted by a lecturer was based on a traditional teaching style dominated by class instructions, including instructions on class exercises and other learning activities during the class session (Hidalgo-Cabrillana and Lopez-Mayan, 2018).
- ii. Students were asked to limit the use of IT equipment as well as internet facilities during the class session. In spite of the fact that scholars such as Shute and Rahimi (2017) and Straub (2009) have strongly argued that incorporating the use of technology in teaching is a tool that facilitate learning, we decided to test the effectiveness of teaching without technology. Jeffrey and Craft (2004) have contrarily argued that the success of teaching depends on the ability of teachers to identify the learning abilities of students.
- iii. A pedagogy based on traditional approach of teaching was successfully implemented in the class session (Reynard, 2009).
- iv. Students' engagement was observed during the class session, and in the following week questionnaires were also administered among the students to assess their views on the traditional learning approach adopted in the past week.

4.1.1.3 Evaluation

- Questionnaires were administered among 44 International MBA students (30 from Asia; 9 from Europe; 4 from Africa; 1 from North America) in the cohort to evaluate their responses on the traditional learning approach adopted.
- ii. Summary of their responses has shown that 31.8 percent of the respondents strongly agree that the learning environment was conducive for learning even without the use of IT equipment. Additionally, 43.2 percent have just agreed, with 11.4 percent neutral and 13.6 percent disagreeing with the statement.
- iii. The learning experience was described as very positive by 54.5 percent of the respondents, 31.8 percent responded that it was just positive, and 13.6 percent of the respondents stated that it was not positive.
- iv. Students' engagement was also examined. From the responses, 88.7 percent of the students believed that they had the opportunity to participate in the class discussion. Seven questions were asked to assess the extent of students' engagement in the class. In addition to opportunity of participation, other areas covered in the assessment were opportunity for academic and social interaction, student-teacher interaction, collaborative learning, opportunity to learn from colleagues and motivating delivery style (McCormick et al. 2013). In all cases, over 75 percent of the students have responded positively about the key areas of students' engagement.

4.1.1.4 Reflection

i. The class session was observed to be remarkably successful with the observed level of students' engagement and active teacher-student interactions. On the general comment section of the questionnaire, 43.2

percent of the students have described the traditional learning approach as particularly good.

- ii. Due to the absence of the use of technology in the session, the teaching effort demonstrated in the class was characterised by teacher's innovation, control, and domination (Jeffrey and Craft, 2004). Students were only acting on given instructions.
- iii. Unsurprisingly, more than 50 percent of the students from Europe were not happy with the use of traditional approach. A particular respondent from Europe commented that:

"The lecturer prevented students from using laptops to make notes. Not very nice for people with handwriting issues, dyslexia, etc".

Another respondent stated that:

"It was not very motivating as in this day and age, learning with technology is more interesting and I can learn better with visuals".

iv. However, students from Asia and Africa were clearly pleased with the traditional approach adopted. More than 60% of them commented positively about it. Some of these comments stated that:

"I love it better than IT/slides usage". "I like that because it's kinda give me new experience". "It was perfect and more practical". "It was nice and engaging, free from distractions. I liked it".

v. The mixed responses received justify the implementation of the second cycle of the action research (Mertler and Charles, 2008).

4.1.1.5 Findings

- i. Students were very engaged during the class session. There were no distractions from the use of phones or other IT gadgets.
- It was discovered that lecturers must put-in more effort during the class session to ensure that all instructions are clear and understood by students. It was an absolute instructor-led training or session (Woodall, 2010), and results from previous studies have shown that students were more satisfied with traditional learning approach if instructions were clear (Chen and Jones, 2007).
- iii. Most of the students from the European states seem to be dissatisfied with the session based on the adopted traditional approach. The critical issue to the students was observed to be the limited use of IT facilities in the session. (Prasad et al., 2018).
- iv. Majority of the students from the African and Asian states were very satisfied with the traditional approach because of the absence of distraction from the use of personal phones or laptops. According to Ignatow and Robinson (2017), this was due to digital inequality caused by previous learning experiences which were different from that of local (European) students. The difference in learning experiences between the local and international students was explained to be due to diverse nature of social, economic, and cultural status (Myers and Klein, 2011).
- 4.1.2 Second cycle:
- 4.1.2.1 Plan
 - i. Blended learning approach was planned to be adopted in the following week after the adoption of the traditional learning approach. Students' feedback on the features of the blended learning approach will be collected from the administered questionnaires and analysed accordingly to appreciate the

impact of the two learning approaches on students' experience (see also Nazarenko, 2015).

- Both online and classroom activities will be involved in the learning process. The method will also be designed to incorporate different modes of delivery including the optimal use of resources to maximise the students' learning outcomes (Garrison, 2004; Graham, 2006).
- iii. IT facilities will be fully utilised. Specifically, the use of online learning platforms and software applications such as Moodle, Mahara, Excel and Socrative will be encouraged.
- iv. Since the components of blended learning approach consist of three elements of learning environment, instructional activities and use of media (Kaur, 2013), the learning environment will be made to reflect a conducive atmosphere that enhances optimum use of resources to attain instructional goals and learning objectives (Holden and Westfall, 2006). For this reason, the class arrangement will be changed to be in a ring-form having mini-groups of at least four students in each group to encourage collaboration and efficient use of resources among the students (Byers et al., 2018; Hidalgo-Cabrillana and Lopez-Mayan, 2018).

4.1.2.2 Action

- i. Prior to the class sessions, instructions on learning activities were sent to students by email, as well as placed on Moodle to encourage learning without the students having to be face-to-face with the lecturer (Kaur, 2013).
- ii. Students were instructed to make use of laptops and phones during the class sessions. Most of the lecturer's instructions were by visual tools. It was the combination of various modes of delivery, including some of the traditional learning techniques. Precisely, it involves direct lecturing, open discussions, self-learning by students, use of visual aids, use of socrative application and other online platforms such as Moodle (Khodeir, 2018).

- iii. Communication with students was based on both in-class and out-of-class feedback to ensure learning activities were undertaken irrespective of location (Khodeir, 2018).
- iv. In the use of socrative application, students were directed to download the software application on their laptops and phones. This is to provide answers to practice questions that were framed in line with the given learning objectives of the session (Guarascio et al., 2017). Group activities were also organised on the Socrative application and students participated according to the mini groups formed based on their sitting arrangement.
- v. Students were also instructed to explore Excel application in providing answers to some of the practice questions formulated.
- vi. Students were given a survey after the session to determine their preferences from the two different teaching approaches adopted and also assess the success or effectiveness of the blended learning approach.

4.1.2.3 Evaluation

- A survey was conducted among 38 International MBA students (26 from Asia; 6 from Europe; 5 from Africa; 1 from North America) in the cohort to evaluate their responses on the effectiveness of the blended learning approach adopted.
- ii. Students' digital learning abilities were assessed in the survey. According to the responses, 82.5 percent of the students have basic computer capabilities, 80 percent agreed they have above average computer capabilities and 57.5 percent believed that they are experts in computer knowledge. A significant proportion of the students at 65 percent have agreed that level of computer knowledge has a direct influence on their academic performance.

- iii. It was observed that students do not have confidence in the use of Moodle or Mahara as only 42.5 percent agreed that they do not need IT help in the use of the online platforms. This result has been proven by the responses of only 40 percent agreeing that they have to use Moodle to pass their modules. Up to 32.5 percent of the students have stated clearly that they do not like using Moodle.
- iv. The acceptability of the Socrative application among the students has also been assessed. The responses show that 82.5 percent of the students agreed that the application was quite easy to use. On the same note, 80 percent of the students have indicated that the use of the software application during class sessions was helpful.
- The learning experience was described as positive by 85 percent of the respondents compared to the 86.3 percent recorded on the adoption of traditional learning approach.
- vi. The responses have also shown that 85 percent of the students believed that they had the opportunity to participate in the class activities compared to the 88.7 percent recorded on the adoption of traditional learning approach. Up to 82.5 percent of the students have agreed that there was an opportunity for academic and social interactions during class sessions. And 85 percent indicated that they were motivated by the delivery style adopted during the class session.

4.1.2.4 Reflection

- Teachers' expertise plays an important role in the success of any teachinglearning style adopted among international students (see also Mieg, 2009; Smith and Strahan, 2004).
- Students' learning experience can be positive depending on their learning abilities and the delivery style of instructors (see also Smith and Strahan, 2004).

- iii. Digital inequality might not explain the gap in the usage of internet and IT facilities between the students from third world and developed countries as suggested by many scholars such as Ignatow and Robinson (2017).
- iv. Students across four continents of the seven continents of Asia, Africa, North and South America, Antartica, Europe and Australia as included in the survey were all very satisfied with the blended approach. There were no students from South America, Antarctica and Australia in the sample of students.
- v. Some students from Asia and Africa have commented as follows:

"I will prefer blended learning".

"It's a good way of learning approach".

"I like the approach as this develops the basics ion the subject, and it develops the passion towards subject. After that we can solve problems using any method".

"It was a good challenge which encouraged class participation". "It was useful".

vi. A few students from Asia and Africa have indicated that their learning experience was better under the traditional learning approach. Some of the general comments they provided are shown below.

"There much less interaction between tutor and student. Prefer the traditional method".

"Please leave more textbooks available in the library as it's always difficult to find the appropriate one for private study".

vii. Expectedly, students from Europe were also very satisfied and in quest for more of the blended approach. Some of their comments are:

"Use more Excel, isn't it?" "Mix it up".

4.1.2.5 Findings

- Students in higher education have different characteristics in terms of previous educational experiences, interests, expectation and readiness for learning that determine the quality of their learning experiences (see also Fry et al., 2008; Tomlinson and Imbeau, 2013; Vasileva et al., 2015; Ra ïsa nen et al., 2016).
- ii. Students were satisfied with the blended learning approach adopted irrespective of their countries of origin. This could be attributed to the integration of various teaching methods aimed at satisfying students' needs, challenging them to attaining learning outcomes in a conducive environment (see also Garrison and Kanuka, 2004; Picciano, 2009).
- iii. Students were very excited and engaged during the class session. The excitement could be because of the use of phones, laptops and learning software applications such Socrative. Another reason could be due to the age bracket of the survey respondents. Over 90 percent of the respondents were in the age bracket of between 20 and 29 years. Banerjee and Duflo (2008) have argued that young people are more likely to be engaged with technology, although, this has been contradicted by Van Dijk (2005). Chen and Jones (2007) believed that students in blended learning class were satisfied because of the perceived improvement in their analytical skills.

4.2 Analysis of measurement models and hypotheses testing

The summary of the data collected is presented in Table 1 and 2 below. The data was used in the analysis of the measurement models and hypotheses testing.

Table 1

Descriptive statistics of students' responses on the traditional learning approach

Measure	Items	Frequency	Percent (%)	Cumulative (%)
Gender	Males	28	63.6	63.6
Gender	Females	16	36.4	100.0
Age	20-29 years	42	95.5	95.5
Age	30-39 years	2	4.5	100.0
Education	First degree	7	15.9	15.9
Luucation	Second degree	36	81.8	97.7
	Others	1	2.3	100.0
Eventionee		19		
Experience	<1 year		43.2	43.2
	1-2 years	12	27.3	70.5
	3-5 years	9	20.5	90.9
	>5 years	4	9.1	100.0
Continent of origin	Asia	30	68.2	68.2
	Africa	4	9.1	77.3
	North America	1	2.3	79.5
	Europe	9	20.5	100.0
TLE - Conducive Learning Environment	Strongly disagree	4	9.1	9.1
	Disagree	2	4.5	13.6
	Neutral	5	11.4	25.0
	Agree	19	43.2	68.2
	Strongly agree	14	31.8	100.0
TLE - Achieved Learning Outcomes	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Disagree	3	6.8	9.1
	Neutral	4	9.1	18.2
	Agree	17	38.6	56.8
	Strongly agree	19	43.2	100.0
TLE – Effective Classroom Layout	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Neutral	6	13.6	15.9
	Agree	11	25.0	40.9
	Strongly agree	26	59.1	100.0
TLE – Satisfactory Module Arrangement	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Disagree	1	2.3	4.5
	Neutral	5	11.4	15.9
	Agree	15	34.1	50.0
	Strongly agree	22	50.0	100.0
LE Depitive Learning Experience				
LE – Positive Learning Experience	Disagree	3	6.8	6.8
	Neutral	3	6.8	13.6
	Agree	14	31.8	45.5
	Strongly agree	24	54.5	100.0
LE – Satisfactory Learning Approach	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Disagree	2	4.5	6.8
	Neutral	3	6.8	13.6
	Agree	16	36.4	50.0
	Strongly agree	22	50.0	100.0
LE – Effective Learning Approach	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Disagree	2	4.5	6.8
	Neutral	8	18.2	25.0
	Agree	10	22.7	47.7
	Strongly agree	23	52.3	100.0
LE – Intellectually Stimulating Module	Strongly disagree	2	4.5	4.5
¥	Neutral	5	11.4	15.9
	Agree	16	36.4	52.3
	Strongly agree	21	47.7	100.0
SE – Participatory Teaching Session	Strongly disagree	3	6.8	6.8
c antipatory readining booldin	Neutral	2	4.5	11.4
	Agree	19	43.2	54.5
	Agree	19	43.2	04.0

	Strongly agree	20	45.5	100.0
SE – Presence of Academic and Social Interaction	Strongly disagree	2	4.5	4.5
	Neutral	4	9.1	13.6
	Agree	18	40.9	54.5
	Strongly agree	20	45.5	100.0
SE – Positive Learning Activities	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Disagree	1	2.3	4.5
	Neutral	5	11.4	15.9
	Agree	22	50.0	65.9
	Strongly agree	15	34.1	100.0
SE – Satisfactory Students-Teacher Interaction	Strongly disagree	2	4.5	4.5
	Neutral	2	4.5	9.1
	Agree	17	38.6	47.7
	Strongly agree	23	52.3	100.0
SE – Presence of Collaborative Learning	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Disagree	2	4.5	6.8
	Neutral	4	9.1	15.9
	Agree	18	40.9	56.8
	Strongly agree	19	43.2	100.0
SE – Opportunity to Learn from Colleagues	Strongly disagree	1	2.3	2.3
	Disagree	5	11.4	13.6
	Neutral	3	6.8	20.5
	Agree	24	54.5	75.0
	Strongly agree	11	25.0	100.0
SE – Delivery Style Motivates Participation	Strongly disagree	3	6.8	6.8
	Disagree	1	2.3	9.1
	Neutral	6	13.6	22.7
	Agree	16	36.4	59.1
	Strongly agree	18	40.9	100.0
General Comment	Negative	5	11.4	11.4
	Neutral	20	45.5	56.8
	Positive	19	43.2	100.0

*TLE = Traditional Learning Environment; LE = Learning Experience; SE = Students' Engagement;

Table 2

Descriptive statistics of students' responses on the blended learning approach

Measure	Items	Frequency	Percent (%)	Cumulative (%)
Gender	Males	25	65.8	65.8
	Females	13	34.2	100.0
Age	20-29 years	35	92.1	92.1
	30-39 years	3	7.9	100.0
Education	First degree	6	15.8	15.8
	Second degree	32	84.2	100.0
Experience	<1 year	13	34.2	34.2
•	1-2 years	14	36.8	71.1
	3-5 years	10	26.3	97.4
	>5 years	1	2.6	100.0
Continent of origin	Asia	26	68.4	68.4
	Africa	5	13.2	81.6
	South America	1	2.6	84.2
	Europe	6	15.8	100.0
PE – Basic Computer Capabilities	Strongly disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Disagree	3	7.9	10.5
	Neutral	1	2.6	13.2
	Agree	14	36.8	50.0
	Strongly agree	19	50.0	100.0
PE – Moderate Computer Capabilities	Disagree	2	5.3	5.3
	Neutral	4	10.5	15.8
	Agree	14	36.8	52.6
	Strongly agree	18	47.4	100.0
PE – Advanced Computer Capabilities	Disagree	5	13.2	13.2
	Neutral	10	26.3	39.5
	Agree	13	34.2	73.7
	Strongly agree	10	26.3	100.0
PE – IT Knowledge Dictates Academic Performance	Strongly disagree	1	2.6	2.6

	D'	-	10.0	45.0
	Disagree	5 6	13.2	15.8
	Neutral Agree	15	15.8 39.5	<u>31.6</u> 71.1
	Strongly agree	11	28.9	100.0
PE – Use of Moodle or Mahara without IT Help	Strongly disagree	4	10.5	10.5
	Disagree	7	18.4	28.9
	Neutral	10	26.3	55.3
	Agree	8	21.1	76.3
	Strongly agree	9	23.7	100.0
PE – Achieving Pass Mark without Moodle	Strongly disagree	12	31.6	31.6
	Disagree	4	10.5	42.1
	Neutral	14	36.8	78.9
	Agree	5	13.2	92.1
	Strongly agree	3	7.9	100.0
EE – Easy Access to Moodle in Learning Activities	Disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Neutral	7	18.4	21.1
	Agree	15	39.5	60.5
	Strongly agree	15	39.5	100.0
EE – At least 3 Hours of Daily Internet Use	Disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Neutral	6	15.8	18.4
	Agree	8	21.1	39.5
	Strongly agree	23	60.5	100.0
EE – More than 3 Hours of Daily Internet Use	Neutral	8	21.1	21.1
	Agree	10	26.3	47.4
	Strongly agree	20	52.6	100.0
EE – Daily Use of Moodle or Mahara	Strongly disagree	2	5.3	5.3
	Disagree	10	26.3	31.6
	Neutral	11	28.9	60.5
	Agree	5	13.2	73.7
	Strongly agree	10	26.3	100.0
EE – At least 3 Hours of Daily Use of Moodle	Strongly disagree	6	15.8	15.8
	Disagree	9	23.7	39.5
	Neutral	10	26.3	65.8
	Agree	6	15.8	81.6
	Strongly agree	7	18.4	100.0
EE – Dislike for the Use of Moodle or Mahara	Strongly disagree	12	31.6	31.6
	Disagree	6	15.8	47.4
	Neutral	7 4	18.4 10.5	<u>65.8</u> 76.3
	Agree Strongly agree	9	23.7	100.0
EE – Learning Interest to Use Moodle	Strongly disagree	8	23.7	21.1
	Disagree	7	18.4	39.5
	Neutral	9	23.7	63.2
	Agree	8	21.1	84.2
	Strongly agree	6	15.8	100.0
EE – Effective Use of Socrative Software Application	Neutral	5	13.2	13.2
	Agree	14	36.8	50.0
	Strongly agree	19	50.0	100.0
SI – Never Used Moodle in the Past	Strongly disagree	19	50.0	50.0
	Disagree	3	7.9	57.9
	Neutral	4	10.5	68.4
	Agree	2	5.3	73.7
	Strongly agree	10	26.3	100.0
SI – Working with Colleagues Online	Strongly disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Disagree	2	5.3	7.9
	Neutral	8	21.1	28.9
	Agree	14	36.8	65.8
	Strongly agree	13	34.2	100.0
SI – Assistance on the Submission of Work Online	Strongly disagree	6	15.8	15.8
	Disagree	4	10.5	26.3
	Neutral	10	26.3	52.6
	Agree	10	26.3	78.9
	Strongly agree	8	21.1	100.0
SI – Assigned Mentors for the Use of Moodle	Strongly disagree	6	15.8	15.8
	Disagree	5	13.2	28.9
	Neutral	9	23.7	52.6
	Agree	13	34.2	86.8
OL Oursembin of Descended and a Contra	Strongly agree	5	13.2	100.0
SI – Ownership of Personal Laptop for Studies	Neutral	6	15.8	15.8
	A		40.4	040
	Agree Strongly agree	7 25	18.4 65.8	<u> </u>

SI – Most Classmates Own Personal Laptops	Strongly disagree	1	2.6	26
SI – Most Classmates Own Personal Laptops	Neutral	4	10.5	<u>2.6</u> 13.2
	Agree	17	44.7	57.9
	Strongly agree	16	42.1	100.0
SI – Part of the Community of Staff and Students	Neutral	3	7.9	7.9
	Agree	16	42.1	50.0
	Strongly agree	19	50.0	100.0
FC – Never Used Moodle in the Past	Strongly disagree	19	50.0	50.0
	Disagree	5	13.2	63.2
	Neutral	3	7.9	71.1
	Agree	4	10.5	81.6
	Strongly agree	7	18.4	100.0
FC – Working with Colleagues Online	Strongly disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Disagree	<u>2</u> 11	5.3 28.9	7.9
	Neutral	12		36.8 68.4
	Agree Strongly agree	12	31.6 31.6	100.0
FC – Assistance on the Submission of Work Online	Strongly disagree	5	13.2	13.2
TC - Assistance on the Submission of Work Online	Disagree	3	7.9	21.1
	Neutral	9	23.7	44.7
	Agree	12	31.6	76.3
	Strongly agree	9	23.7	100.0
FC – Assistance from Tutors on IT Issues	Strongly disagree	5	13.2	13.2
	Neutral	14	36.8	50.0
	Agree	9	23.7	73.7
	Strongly agree	10	26.3	100.0
FC – Part of the Community of Staff and Students	Strongly disagree	2	5.3	5.3
	Neutral	8	21.1	26.3
	Agree	13	34.2	60.5
	Strongly agree	15	39.5	100.0
FC – Availability of Library Resources	Strongly disagree	3	7.9	7.9
	Neutral	8	21.1	28.9
	Agree	13	34.2	63.2
	Strongly agree	14	36.8	100.0
FC – Efficient Moodle and Mahara Sites	Strongly disagree	2	5.3	5.3
	Disagree	3	7.9	13.2
	Neutral	7	18.4	31.6
	Agree	16	42.1	73.7
EC Conducivo Loorning Environment	Strongly agree	10	26.3	100.0 5.3
FC – Conducive Learning Environment	Strongly disagree Disagree	2	5.3 5.3	<u> </u>
	Neutral	4	10.5	21.1
	Agree	19	50.0	71.1
	Strongly agree	13	28.9	100.0
FC – Effectiveness of Socrative Software Application	Strongly disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Disagree	1	2.6	5.3
	Neutral	4	10.5	15.8
	Agree	13	34.2	50.0
	Strongly agree	19	50.0	100.0
BI – Continuous Use of IT resources in Learning	Neutral	3	7.9	7.9
	Agree	13	34.2	42.1
	Strongly agree		57.9	100.0
BI – Engagement with IT Invention		13 22 6		
BI – Engagement with IT Invention	Strongly agree Neutral Agree	13 22 6 13	57.9 15.8 34.2	100.0 15.8 50.0
BI – Engagement with IT Invention	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree	13 22 6 13 19	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0
BI – Engagement with IT Invention BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree	13 22 6 13 19 2	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3
	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree	13 22 6 13 19 2 1	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9
<u></u>	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9 39.5
<u></u>	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12 11	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9 39.5 68.4
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12 11 12	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9 39.5 68.4 100.0
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12 11 12 4	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9 39.5 68.4 100.0 10.5
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12 11 12 4 7	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9 39.5 68.4 100.0 10.5 28.9
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12 11 12 4 7 8	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4 21.1	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9 39.5 68.4 100.0 10.5 28.9 50.0
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12 11 12 4 7 8 6	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4 21.1 15.8	$ \begin{array}{r} 100.0 \\ 15.8 \\ 50.0 \\ 100.0 \\ 5.3 \\ 7.9 \\ 39.5 \\ 68.4 \\ 100.0 \\ 10.5 \\ 28.9 \\ 50.0 \\ 65.8 \\ \end{array} $
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning BI – Achieved Learning Objectives without IT	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree	13 22 6 13 19 2 1 12 11 12 4 7 8 6 13	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4 21.1 15.8 34.2	$ \begin{array}{r} 100.0 \\ 15.8 \\ 50.0 \\ 100.0 \\ 5.3 \\ 7.9 \\ 39.5 \\ 68.4 \\ 100.0 \\ 10.5 \\ 28.9 \\ 50.0 \\ 65.8 \\ 100.0 \\ \end{array} $
	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly disagree Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly agree Strongly agree	$ \begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 22 \\ 6 \\ 13 \\ 19 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 6 \\ 13 \\ 1 \\ \end{array} $	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4 21.1 15.8 34.2 2.6	100.0 15.8 50.0 100.0 5.3 7.9 39.5 68.4 100.0 10.5 28.9 50.0 65.8 100.0 2.6
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning BI – Achieved Learning Objectives without IT	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly disagree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly agree Strongly agree Strongly agree	$ \begin{array}{r} 13\\ 22\\ 6\\ 13\\ 19\\ 2\\ 1\\ 12\\ 11\\ 12\\ 4\\ 7\\ 8\\ 6\\ 13\\ 1\\ 3\\ \end{array} $	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4 21.1 15.8 34.2 2.6 7.9	$\begin{array}{r} 100.0 \\ 15.8 \\ 50.0 \\ 100.0 \\ 5.3 \\ 7.9 \\ 39.5 \\ 68.4 \\ 100.0 \\ 10.5 \\ 28.9 \\ 50.0 \\ 65.8 \\ 100.0 \\ 2.6 \\ 10.5 \end{array}$
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning BI – Achieved Learning Objectives without IT	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly agree Strongly agree Strongly disagree Neutral Agree	$ \begin{array}{r} 13\\22\\6\\13\\19\\2\\1\\12\\12\\11\\12\\4\\7\\8\\6\\13\\1\\3\\16\end{array} $	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4 21.1 15.8 34.2 2.6 7.9 42.1	$\begin{array}{r} 100.0 \\ 15.8 \\ 50.0 \\ 100.0 \\ 5.3 \\ 7.9 \\ 39.5 \\ 68.4 \\ 100.0 \\ 10.5 \\ 28.9 \\ 50.0 \\ 65.8 \\ 100.0 \\ 2.6 \\ 10.5 \\ 52.6 \end{array}$
BI – Envisage Unlimited Use of IT in Learning BI – Achieved Learning Objectives without IT	Strongly agree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly disagree Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Strongly agree Strongly agree Strongly agree	$ \begin{array}{r} 13\\ 22\\ 6\\ 13\\ 19\\ 2\\ 1\\ 12\\ 11\\ 12\\ 4\\ 7\\ 8\\ 6\\ 13\\ 1\\ 3\\ \end{array} $	57.9 15.8 34.2 50.0 5.3 2.6 31.6 28.9 31.6 10.5 18.4 21.1 15.8 34.2 2.6 7.9	$ \begin{array}{r} 100.0 \\ 15.8 \\ 50.0 \\ 100.0 \\ 5.3 \\ 7.9 \\ 39.5 \\ 68.4 \\ 100.0 \\ 10.5 \\ 28.9 \\ 50.0 \\ 65.8 \\ 100.0 \\ 2.6 \\ 10.5 \\ \end{array} $

	Agree	17	44.7	57.9
	Strongly agree	16	42.1	100.0
LE – Effective Learning Style	Neutral	7	18.4	18.4
	Agree	14	36.8	55.3
	Strongly agree	17	44.7	100.0
LE – Intellectually Stimulating Module	Disagree	1	2.6	2.6
· · ·	Neutral	3	7.9	10.5
	Agree	14	36.8	47.4
	Strongly agree	20	52.6	100.0
SE– Equal Opportunity of Participation in Session	Neutral	4	10.5	10.5
	Agree	15	39.5	50.0
	Strongly agree	19	50.0	100.0
SE – Opportunity for Academic & Social Interactions	Neutral	5	13.2	13.2
	Agree	14	36.8	50.0
	Strongly agree	19	50.0	100.0
SE – Positive Experience During Learning Activities	Disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Neutral	5	13.2	15.8
	Agree	13	34.2	50.0
	Strongly agree	19	50.0	100.0
SE – Good Student-Teacher Interaction	Neutral	4	10.5	10.5
	Agree	13	34.2	44.7
	Strongly agree	21	55.3	100.0
SE – Opportunity for Collaborative Learning	Neutral	5	13.2	13.2
	Agree	15	39.5	52.6
	Strongly agree	18	47.4	100.0
SE – Effective Learning from Colleagues	Neutral	7	18.4	18.4
	Agree	16	42.1	60.5
	Strongly agree	15	39.5	100.0
SE – Participatory Delivery Style	Strongly disagree	1	2.6	2.6
	Neutral	3	7.9	10.5
	Agree	17	44.7	55.3
	Strongly agree	17	44.7	100.0
General Comment	Negative	2	5.3	5.3
	Neutral	30	78.9	84.2
	Positive	6	15.8	100.0

*PE = Performance Expectancy; EE = Effort Expectancy; SI = Social Influence; FC = Facilitating Condition; BI = Behavioural Intention; LE = Learning Experience; SE = Students' Engagement

Table 3

Internal consistency reliability - traditional learning

	Cronbach's Alpha Based on	
Cronbach's Alpha	Standardized Items	N of Items
.956	.957	15

Table 4

Inter-construct correlation analysis - traditional learning

	TLE- CLE	TLE-LO	TLE- CL	TLE- SMA	LE- PLE	LE- SLA	LE- ELA	LE- ISM	SE- PTS	SE- PAS	SE- PLA	SE- STI	SE- CL	SE- OLC	SE- DSM
TLE-CLE	1.000	.676	.449	.376	.554	.550	.378	.366	.563	.395	.464	.545	.640	.297	.534
TLE-LO	.676	1.000	.614	.511	.652	.791	.578	.392	.571	.498	.436	.568	.733	.530	.613
TLE-CL	.449	.614	1.000	.629	.709	.749	.697	.373	.484	.571	.451	.642	.684	.495	.612
TLE-SMA	.376	.511	.629	1.000	.649	.762	.721	.748	.494	.426	.743	.507	.660	.642	.751
LE-PLE	.554	.652	.709	.649	1.000	.853	.737	.627	.674	.507	.673	.639	.727	.520	.664
LE-SLA	.550	.791	.749	.762	.853	1.000	.797	.604	.645	.568	.695	.598	.798	.650	.796
LE-ELA	.378	.578	.697	.721	.737	.797	1.000	.639	.691	.562	.594	.673	.698	.606	.669
LE-ISM	.366	.392	.373	.748	.627	.604	.639	1.000	.472	.214	.730	.417	.628	.526	.663
SE-PTS	.563	.571	.484	.494	.674	.645	.691	.472	1.000	.738	.485	.803	.665	.515	.624
SE-PAS	.395	.498	.571	.426	.507	.568	.562	.214	.738	1.000	.358	.737	.669	.564	.444
SE-PLA	.464	.436	.451	.743	.673	.695	.594	.730	.485	.358	1.000	.436	.653	.635	.708
SE-STI	.545	.568	.642	.507	.639	.598	.673	.417	.803	.737	.436	1.000	.740	.591	.540
SE-CL	.640	.733	.684	.660	.727	.798	.698	.628	.665	.669	.653	.740	1.000	.665	.800
SE-OLC	.297	.530	.495	.642	.520	.650	.606	.526	.515	.564	.635	.591	.665	1.000	.603

SE-DSM	.534	.613	.612	.751	.664	.796	.669	.663	.624	.444	.708	.540	.800	.603	1.000	1
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Table 5

Internal consistency reliability - blended learning

	Cronbach's Alpha Based on	
Cronbach's Alpha	Standardized Items	N of Items
.888	.903	45

Table 6(a)

Inter-construct correlation analysis - blended learning

			r		1	1	1	1	r	r		1	r		
					PE-		EE-	EE-							SI-
	PE-	PE-	PE-	PE-	MWI	PE-	EML	3hrsl	EE-	EE-	EE-	EE-	EE-	EE-	NUM
	BITC	MITC	AITC	ITKP	Н	PWM	A	T	MTIT	MDU	3hrsM	DMM	LIUM	ESSA	P
PE-BITC	1.000	.449	.377	.190	032	266	.275	.014	158	.195	.083	252	.357	.210	008
PE-MITC	.449	1.000	.676	.462	.242	110	022	.222	.149	.077	157	.062	.063	.190	.217
PE-AITC	.377	.676	1.000	.513	.203	.032	.117	.093	061	.273	005	.049	.140	.290	.046
PE-ITKP	.190	.462	.513	1.000	.307	049	082	.091	.199	.103	206	.411	.042	.102	.071
PE-MWIH	032	.242	.203	.307	1.000	.302	.082	.064	.370	.094	072	.226	.132	.027	.231
PE-PWM	266	110	.032	049	.302	1.000	059	.116	.347	018	.274	.364	.374	.037	.526
EE-EMLA	.275	022	.117	082	.082	059	1.000	.293	.045	.265	.321	244	.249	.543	246
EE-3hrsIT	.014	.222	.093	.091	.064	.116	.293	1.000	.674	232	108	.163	.164	.198	.027
EE-MTIT	158	.149	061	.199	.370	.347	.045	.674	1.000	223	067	.350	.168	.074	.250
EE-MDU	.195	.077	.273	.103	.094	018	.265	232	223	1.000	.479	.098	.229	.088	.043
EE-3hrsM	.083	157	005	206	072	.274	.321	108	067	.479	1.000	.214	.594	.039	.249
EE-DMM	252	.062	.049	.411	.226	.364	244	.163	.350	.098	.214	1.000	.289	.023	.276
EE-LIUM	.357	.063	.140	.042	.132	.374	.249	.164	.168	.229	.594	.289	1.000	.003	.310
EE-ESSA	.210	.190	.290	.102	.027	.037	.543	.198	.074	.088	.039	.023	.003	1.000	305
SI-NUMP	008	.217	.046	.071	.231	.526	246	.027	.250	.043	.249	.276	.310	305	1.000
SI-WCO	.091	.172	.039	108	.113	.147	.043	038	.087	240	120	295	.132	.102	.108
SI-SASO	.012	.125	027	108	197	.225	.059	.212	.070	.175	.302	.128	.287	216	.565
SI-AMUM	.115	.206	.242	130	.196	.191	.283	058	075	.402	.409	076	.235	065	.412
SI-OPLS	.190	.124	.141	.000	148	151	.086	.145	088	.014	092	067	.064	.199	.031
SI-MCPL	314	050	272	.084	.203	098	132	020	.045	339	112	.159	167	192	027
SI-PCSS	115	.088	.009	.130	.140	158	.024	016	003	186	174	043	357	.183	267
FC-NMP	034	.225	.024	.088	.207	.530	245	.134	.370	.108	.265	.347	.351	347	.892
FC-WCO	.190	.262	.299	.234	.115	.231	.158	.288	.159	171	.075	.062	.333	.192	.182
FC-ASW	.040	.085	011	027	.080	.218	.083	.248	.093	.196	.222	.073	.274	239	.529
FC-ATIT	031	.149	.276	058	.122	.207	.181	.012	026	.193	.356	.081	.131	.060	.338
FC-PCSS	.370	.201	.262	.193	064	031	.151	.348	.212	289	019	029	.150	.239	.067
FC-ALR	.476	033	.028	035	164	025	.328	.253	031	021	.104	263	.234	.234	075
FC-EMS	.410	018	.113	110	.011	077	.460	.131	065	.185	.361	340	.271	.148	.007
FC-CLE	.294	036	.005	.009	003	.053	.265	.096	.030	.119	.247	190	.219	068	.126
FC-ESSA	.212	.145	.131	.237	.002	012	.118	.301	.241	087	.027	.056	.099	.092	.016
BI-CITRL	.020	.097	.083	.076	111	081	.355	.171	.103	.213	.233	.106	.075	.468	108
BI-EITInv	038	.109	.196	.024	270	033	.042	.079	050	.520	.333	.224	.079	.316	052
BI-NEUIT	243	054	.145	.188	.213	.392	082	.322	.291	.162	.143	.552	.203	071	.384
BI-ALOIT	356	122	.009	042	.147	.322	016	.186	.228	.031	.320	.420	.116	088	.315
LE-PLE	.224	.293	.229	.103	060	115	.082	.235	.326	.316	.270	.275	.208	.116	111
LE-SLSA	.161	.222	.164	.003	.111	042	.018	.168	.345	.311	.218	.182	.175	.066	143
LE-ELS	.195	.222	.164	.036	.057	042	.105	.044	.257	.255	.351	.273	.175	.165	.000
LE-ISM	089	.044	002	028	.209	.131	.158	.129	.322	094	.250	.117	.082	.174	.093
SE-EOPS	021	.095	.077	067	041	.084	.176	.097	.259	.052	.160	.080	.034	.249	.080
SE-OASI	086	.146	.177	071	.027	.125	.036	.198	.261	.147	.123	.191	.085	.257	087
SE-PELA	.103	.188	.038	045	.090	.113	.085	029	.298	.145	.331	.075	.192	.121	.154
SE-GSTI	078	.070	.097	.021	058	.080	.111	.198	.274	.157	.101	.189	.010	.262	170
SE-OCL	003	.248	.244	.026	022	.083	.044	.128	.278	.127	.152	.235	.028	.332	033
SE-ELC	.004	.250	.185	011	.102	.101	.077	.334	.382	.220	.277	.131	.201	.054	.126
SE-PDS	019	.117	.061	079	.266	.149	.089	.063	.301	.123	.344	.068	.278	.043	.177

<u>SE-PDS</u> ..019 ..117 ..061 ..079 ..266 ..149 ..089 ..063 ..301 ..123 ..344 ..068 ..278 ..043 ..177 * PE = Performance Expectancy; EE = Effort Expectancy; SI = Social Influence; FC = Facilitating Condition; BI = Behavioural Intention; LE = Learning Experience; SE = Students' Engagement; PE-BITC = Basic Computer Capabilities; PE-MITC = Moderate Computer Capabilities; PE-ITKP = IT Knowledge Dictates Academic Performance; PE-MWIH = Use of Moodle or Mahara without IT Help; PE-PWM = Achieving Pass Mark without Moodle; EE-EMLA = Easy Access to Moodle in Learning Activities; EE-3hrsIT = At least 3 Hours of Daily Internet Use; EE-MTIT = More than 3 Hours of Daily Internet Use; EE-MDU = Daily Use of Moodle or Mahara; EE-3hrsM = At least 3 Hours of Daily Use of Moodle; EE-DMM = Dislike for the Use of Moodle or Mahara; EE-LIUM = Learning Interest to Use Moodle; EE-ESSA = Effective Use of Socrative Software Application; SI-NUMP = Never Used Moodle in the Past.

Table 6(b)

Inter-construct correlation analysis - blended learning

												1			
			SI-		SI-	SI-									FC-
	SI-	SI-	AMU	SI-	MCP	PCS	FC-	FC-	FC-	FC-	FC-	FC-	FC-	FC-	ESS
	WCO	SASO	M	OPLS	L	S	NMP	wco	ASW	ATIT	PCSS	ALR	EMS	CLE	A
PE-BITC	.091	.012	.115	.190	314	115	034	.190	.040	031	.370	.476	.410	.294	.212
PE-MITC	.172	.125	.206	.130	050	.088	.225	.262	.040	.149	.201	033	018	036	.145
PE-AITC	.039	027	.200	.124	272	.008	.024	.202	011	.149	.262	.028	.113	.005	.143
PE-ITKP	108	108	130	.000	.084	.130	.024	.299	027	058	.193	035	110	.005	.131
PE-MWIH	.113	197	.196	148	.203	.130	.000	.234	.080	.122	064	164	.011	003	.002
PE-PWM	.113	.225	.190	140	098	158	.530	.115	.080	.122	084	025	077	.003	012
EE-EMLA	.043	.059	.191	-				-	-	-	.151	.328	-		-
				.086	132	.024	245	.158	.083	.181			.460	.265	.118
EE-3hrsIT	038	.212	058	.145	020	016	.134	.288	.248	.012	.348	.253	.131	.096	.301
EE-MTIT	.087	.070	075	088	.045	003	.370	.159	.093	026	.212	031	065	.030	.241
EE-MDU	240	.175	.402	.014	339	186	.108	171	.196	.193	289	021	.185	.119	087
EE-3hrsM	120	.302	.409	092	112	174	.265	.075	.222	.356	019	.104	.361	.247	.027
EE-DMM	295	.128	076	067	.159	043	.347	.062	.073	.081	029	263	340	190	.056
EE-LIUM	.132	.287	.235	.064	167	357	.351	.333	.274	.131	.150	.234	.271	.219	.099
EE-ESSA	.102	216	065	.199	192	.183	347	.192	239	.060	.239	.234	.148	068	.092
SI-NUMP	.108	.565	.412	.031	027	267	.892	.182	.529	.338	.067	075	.007	.126	.016
SI-WCO	1.000	.030	.214	.140	.078	.201	.061	.538	.059	.063	.230	.113	.110	.149	013
SI-SASO	.030	1.000	.537	.184	009	194	.528	.167	.773	.237	043	.136	.116	.149	098
SI-AMUM	.214	.537	1.000	.055	233	116	.364	.327	.632	.664	.077	.155	.505	.330	013
SI-OPLS	.140	.184	.055	1.000	.146	.166	.011	.069	.014	042	.253	.201	.080	.017	.075
SI-MCPL	.078	009	233	.146	1.000	.652	080	080	098	213	128	229	255	130	046
SI-PCSS	.201	194	116	.166	.652	1.000	299	.144	166	033	.103	.083	046	.091	.124
FC-NMP	.061	.528	.364	.011	080	299	1.000	.115	.437	.231	005	145	105	.032	060
FC-WCO	.538	.167	.327	.069	080	.144	.115	1.000	.355	.477	.679	.493	.444	.489	.542
FC-ASW	.059	.773	.632	.014	098	166	.437	.355	1.000	.399	.030	.240	.282	.302	.098
FC-ATIT	.063	.237	.664	042	213	033	.231	.477	.399	1.000	.334	.046	.435	.193	.314
FC-PCSS	.230	043	.077	.253	128	.103	005	.679	.030	.334	1.000	.628	.519	.491	.669
FC-ALR	.113	.136	.155	.201	229	.083	145	.493	.240	.046	.628	1.000	.733	.780	.491
FC-EMS	.110	.116	.505	.080	255	046	105	.444	.282	.435	.519	.733	1.000	.732	.423
FC-CLE	.149	.149	.330	.017	130	.091	.032	.489	.302	.193	.491	.780	.732	1.000	.645
FC-ESSA	013	098	013	.075	046	.124	060	.542	.098	.314	.669	.491	.423	.645	1.000
BI-CITRL	.124	.093	065	.137	.074	.260	168	.081	.016	148	020	.236	.133	.259	.132
BI-EITInv	047	.284	.168	.309	174	.086	010	.002	.144	.071	046	.190	.134	.105	054
BI-NEUIT	010	.240	.351	.194	061	101	.363	.378	.388	.428	.216	.029	.137	.126	.185
BI-ALOIT	.093	.278	.438	.063	.044	.115	.264	.386	.431	.567	.284	.022	.210	.153	.152
LE-PLE	107	028	.003	.126	107	.147	.157	035	205	051	.143	.026	034	.090	.130
LE-SLSA	.089	096	.039	.093	015	.265	.079	.020	176	084	.126	.086	.044	.162	.089
LE-ELS	.089	069	.122	.093	015	.321	.123	.159	176	.140	.295	.117	.109	.264	.238
LE-ISM	.488	.028	.296	.070	.187	.484	.064	.571	.090	.353	.395	.255	.343	.416	.266
SE-EOPS	.424	.149	.205	.078	.068	.352	.021	.324	.039	.110	.287	.249	.201	.310	.044
SE-OASI	.327	.009	.141	.199	.030	.360	042	.303	065	.090	.239	.201	.080	.148	.052
SE-PELA	.384	.003	.211	.044	033	.205	.205	.289	086	.237	.276	.144	.238	.317	.100
SE-GSTI	.230	.021	.132	.181	.045	.359	093	.372	018	.109	.320	.321	.216	.313	.188
SE-OCL	.252	012	.088	.075	048	.388	.013	.299	111	.196	.350	.167	.037	.146	.100
SE-ELC	.252	.159	.333	.073	048	.206	.232	.364	.123	.190	.339	.107	.328	.265	.104
SE-PDS	.498	.027	.359	.048	.053	.206	.232	.304	.051	.239	.268	.137	.320	.304	.073
											.200 tion: BI – I				

Table 6(c)

Inter-construct correlation analysis - blended learning

-			1		r					1		1	r		
	BI-		BI-			LE-			SE-						
	CITR	BI-	NEUI	BI-	LE-	SLS	LE-	LE-	EOP	SE-	SE-	SE-	SE-	SE-	SE-
	L	EITInv	T	ALOIT	PLE	A	ELS	ISM	S	OASI	PELA	GSTI	OCL	ELC	PDS
PE-BITC	.020	038	243	356	.224	.161	.195	089	021	086	.103	078	003	.004	019
PE-MITC	.020	.109	054	122	.293	.222	.222	.044	.095	.146	.188	.070	.248	.250	.117
PE-AITC	.083	.196	.145	.009	.229	.164	.164	002	.077	.177	.038	.097	.244	.185	.061
PE-ITKP	.076	.024	.188	042	.103	.003	.036	028	067	071	045	.001	.026	011	079
PE-MWIH	111	270	.213	.147	060	.111	.057	.209	041	.027	.090	058	022	.102	.266
PE-PWM	081	033	.392	.322	115	042	042	.131	.084	.125	.113	.080	.083	.101	.149
EE-EMLA	.355	.042	082	016	.082	.018	.105	.158	.176	.036	.085	.111	.044	.077	.089
EE-3hrsIT	.171	.079	.322	.186	.235	.168	.044	.129	.097	.198	029	.198	.128	.334	.063
EE-MTIT	.103	050	.291	.228	.326	.345	.257	.322	.259	.261	.298	.274	.278	.382	.301
EE-MDU	.213	.520	.162	.031	.316	.311	.255	094	.052	.147	.145	.157	.127	.220	.123
EE-3hrsM	.233	.333	.143	.320	.270	.218	.351	.250	.160	.123	.331	.101	.152	.277	.344
EE-DMM	.106	.224	.552	.420	.275	.182	.273	.117	.080	.191	.075	.189	.235	.131	.068
EE-LIUM	.075	.079	.203	.116	.208	.175	.175	.082	.034	.085	.192	.010	.028	.201	.278
EE-ESSA	.468	.316	071	088	.116	.066	.165	.174	.249	.257	.121	.262	.332	.054	.043
SI-NUMP	108	052	.384	.315	111	143	.000	.093	.080	087	.154	170	033	.126	.177
SI-WCO	.124	047	010	.093	107	.089	.089	.488	.424	.327	.384	.230	.252	.267	.498
SI-SASO	.093	.284	.240	.278	028	096	069	.028	.149	.009	.021	.074	012	.159	.027
SI-AMUM	065	.168	.351	.438	.003	.039	.122	.296	.205	.141	.211	.132	.088	.333	.359
SI-OPLS	.137	.309	.194	.063	.126	.093	.093	.070	.078	.199	.044	.181	.075	.048	.064
SI-MCPL	.074	174	061	.044	107	015	015	.187	.068	.030	033	.045	048	038	.053
SI-PCSS	.260	.086	101	.115	.147	.265	.321	.484	.352	.360	.205	.359	.388	.206	.270
FC-NMP	168	010	.363	.264	.157	.079	.123	.064	.021	042	.205	093	.013	.232	.205
FC-WCO	.081	.002	.378	.386	035	.020	.159	.571	.324	.303	.289	.372	.299	.364	.401
FC-ASW	.016	.144	.388	.431	205	176	176	.090	.039	065	086	018	111	.123	.051
FC-ATIT	148	.071	.428	.567	051	084	.140	.353	.110	.090	.237	.109	.196	.259	.293
FC-PCSS	020	046	.216	.284	.143	.126	.295	.395	.287	.239	.276	.320	.350	.339	.268
FC-ALR	.236	.190	.029	.022	.026	.086	.117	.255	.249	.201	.144	.321	.167	.211	.137
FC-EMS	.133	.134	.137	.210	034	.044	.109	.343	.201	.080	.238	.216	.037	.328	.312
FC-CLE	.259	.105	.126	.153	.090	.162	.264	.416	.310	.148	.317	.313	.146	.265	.304
FC-ESSA	.132	054	.185	.152	.130	.089	.238	.266	.044	.052	.100	.188	.104	.073	.004
BI-CITRL	1.000	.644	.076	.104	.298	.330	.385	.360	.522	.410	.310	.396	.383	.282	.225
BI-EITInv	.644	1.000	.256	.262	.426	.409	.362	.186	.420	.519	.309	.486	.489	.453	.271
BI-NEUIT	.076	.256	1.000	.729	.074	.133	.166	.332	.224	.379	.108	.345	.200	.423	.305
BI-ALOIT	.104	.262	.729	1.000	.060	.140	.266	.516	.375	.369	.276	.375	.357	.503	.461
LE-PLE	.298	.426	.074	.060	1.000	.881	.838	.266	.343	.476	.524	.451	.585	.584	.405
LE-SLSA	.330	.409	.133	.140	.881	1.000	.860	.474	.474	.664	.653	.650	.682	.715	.601
LE-ELS	.385	.362	.166	.266	.838	.860	1.000	.615	.631	.664	.740	.598	.782	.667	.643
LE-ISM	.360	.186	.332	.516	.266	.474	.615	1.000	.689	.626	.720	.694	.651	.621	.800
SE-EOPS	.522	.420	.224	.375	.343	.474	.631	.689	1.000	.807	.701	.713	.835	.689	.698
SE-OASI	.410	.519	.379	.369	.476	.664	.664	.626	.807	1.000	.589	.814	.867	.769	.678
SE-PELA	.310	.309	.108	.276	.524	.653	.740	.720	.701	.589	1.000	.664	.750	.698	.861
SE-GSTI	.396	.486	.345	.375	.451	.650	.598	.694	.713	.814	.664	1.000	.790	.714	.617
SE-OCL	.383	.489	.200	.357	.585	.682	.782	.651	.835	.867	.750	.790	1.000	.735	.696
SE-ELC	.282	.453	.423	.503	.584	.715	.667	.621	.689	.769	.698	.714	.735	1.000	.816
SE-PDS	.225	.271	.305	.461	.405	.601	.643	.800	.698	.678	.861	.617	.696	.816	1.000

* PE = Performance Expectancy; EE = Effort Expectancy; SI = Social Influence; FC = Facilitating Condition; BI = Behavioural Intention; LE = Learning Experience; SE = Students' Engagement; BI-CITRL = Continuous Use of IT resources in Learning; BI-EITInv = Engagement with IT Invention; BI-NEUT = Not Envisaging Unlimited Use of IT in Learning; BI-ALOIT = Achieved Learning Objectives without IT; LE-PLE = Positive learning Experience; LE-SLSA = Satisfied Learning Style Adopted; LE-ELS = Effective Learning Style; LE-ISM = Intellectually Stimulating Module; SE-EOPS = Equal Opportunity of Participation in Session; SE-OASI = Opportunity for Academic & Social Interactions; SE-PELA = Positive Experience During Learning Activities; SE-GSTI = Good Student-Teacher Interaction; SE-OCL = Opportunity for Collaborative Learning; SE-ELC = Effective Learning from Colleagues; SE-PDS = Participatory Delivery Style.

The correlation matrix of the coefficients in the UTAUT model as presented in Figure 2 are depicted in Table 6a-c. Table 4 represents the correlation of the coefficients in triangular model for traditional learning approach presented in Figure 1.

4.2.1 Triangular model for traditional learning approach

The results shown below are the coefficients for the two-way multivariate regression analysis. The details of the results were provided in Table 7.

Table 7

	Unstandardised Coefficients		Standardised Coefficients	Adjusted R ²	t-value	Sig	Hypothesis Supported
	B	Std		<i>K</i> ²	t-value	Sig.	Supported
	Б	Error	β				
H ₀₁				0.767			
TLE-ConLearnEnv	004	.094	005		.219	.828	No
TLE-LearnOut	095	.141	108		038	.970	No
TLE-ClassLay	.297	.144	.299		674	.506	No
TLE-SatModArr	150	.158	157		2.054	.049	Yes**
LE-SLAppr	.700	.207	.749		950	.350	No
LE-EffLearnApp	092	.137	108		3.375	.002	Yes ^{***}
LE-IntelStimMod	.183	.141	.203		670	.508	No
SE-ParticTS	.284	.169	.335		1.296	.205	No
SE-PAcadSocInt	174	.153	188		1.679	.104	No
SE-PosLearnAct	.199	.147	.195		-1.135	.266	No
SE-StudTeachInt	.068	.167	.072		1.350	.188	No
SE-CollobLearn	.095	.210	.101		.406	.688	No
SE-OpportLColl	101	.112	113		.452	.655	No
SE-DelStyleMotP	241	.137	306		900	.375	No
H ₀₂				0.637			
TLE-ConLearnEnv	.117	.096	.134		1.222	.232	No
TLE-LearnOut	.115	.148	.110		.776	.444	No
TLE-ClassLay	408	.143	348		-2.847	.008	Yes ^{***}
TLE-SatModArr	188	.165	166		-1.142	.263	No
LE-PosLE	.312	.186	.264		1.679	.104	No
LE-SLAppr	077	.256	070		301	.765	No
LE-EffLearnApp	.242	.137	.241		1.763	.088	No
LE-IntelStimMod	.160	.149	.151		1.076	.291	No
SE-PAcadSocInt	.553	.127	.508		4.341	.000	Yes ^{***}
SE-PosLearnAct	060	.159	050		380	.707	No
SE-StudTeachInt	.491	.151	.440		3.257	.003	Yes ^{***}
SE-CollobLearn	557	.195	503		-2.856	.008	Yes***
SE-OpportLColl	086	.118	081		725	.474	No
SE- DelStyleMotP	.432	.128	.467		3.364	.002	Yes ^{***}

Regression analysis on the triangular model for traditional learning approach

*TLE = Traditional Learning Environment; LE = Learning Experience; SE = Students' Engagement; ConLearnEnv = Conducive Learning Environment; LearnOut = Achieving Learning Outcomes; ClassLay = Effective Classroom Layout; SatModArr = Satisfactory Module Arrangement; PosLE = Positive Learning Experience; SLAppr = Satisfactory Learning Approach; EffLearnApp = Effective Learning Approach; IntelStimMod = Intellectually Stimulating Module; PosLE = Positive Learning Experience; ParticTS = Participatory Teaching Session; PAcadSocInt = Presence of Academic and Social Interaction; PosLearnAct = Positive Learning Activities; StudTeachInt =Satisfactory Students-Teacher Interaction; CollobLearn = Presence of Collaborative Learning; OpportLColl = Opportunity to Learn from Colleagues; DelStyleMotP = Delivery Styles Motivates Participation. Our results indicated that only the module's structure and learning approach are the determinants of students' positive learning experience. In reference to H_{01} , it suggested that the attributes of the traditional learning environment such as conducive learning environment, classroom arrangement or layout and achievement of learning outcomes have no direct relationship with students' positive learning experience. In testing H_{02} , we discovered that class layout or arrangement and students' perception of the opportunities for academic and social interaction are directly related to students' engagement. Also, student-teacher interaction and collaborative learning were found to be strongly significant.

Table 8

	Unstand	Unstandardised		Adjusted	t-		Hypothesis	
	Coeffi	cients	Coefficients	<i>R</i> ²	value	Sig.	Supported	
	В	Std Error	β					
H ₀₃								
Gend-M1	058	.224	043	026	261	.796	No	
Gend-M2	052	.258	034	027	203	.841	No	
Gend-M3	265	.377	116	014	702	.487	No	
Gend-M4	.489	.481	.167	.001	1.016	.316	No	
H03 (i)								
Gend-M1	126	.355	059	024	356	.724	No	
Gend-M2	.068	.298	.038	026	.227	.822	No	
Gend-M3	418	.341	200	.013	-1.226	.228	No	
Gend-M4	265	.377	116	014	702	.487	No	
Gend-M5	.378	.451	.139	008	.839	.407	No	
Gend-M6	.797	.426	.297	.063	1.869	.070	Yes*	
H _{03 (ii)}								
Gend-M1	123	.285	072	022	433	.668	No	
Gend-M2	132	.296	074	022	447	.657	No	
Gend-M3	.222	.278	.132	010	.797	.431	No	
Gend-M4	.262	.439	.099	018	.596	.555	No	
Gend-M5	.508	.459	.181	.006	1.107	.276	No	
Gend-M6	.554	.540	.169	.001	1.026	.312	No	
Gend-M7	.237	.478	.082	021	.496	.623	No	
Gend-M8	.025	.247	.017	027	.100	.921	No	
Ho3 (iii)								
Gend-M1	.760	.588	.210	.018	1.292	.205	No	
Gend-M2	271	.348	129	011	778	.441	No	
Gend-M3	.185	.467	.066	023	.396	.695	No	
Gend-M4	123	.445	046	026	277	.784	No	
Gend-M5	409	.255	258	.041	-1.603	.118	No	
Gend-M6	243	.293	137	008	831	.412	No	
Gend-M7	055	.222	041	026	249	.805	No	

Regression analysis on the unified theory of acceptance and use of technology (UTAUT) model for blended learning approach

H ₀₄							
Age-M1	.181	.394	.076	022	.460	.648	No
Age-M2	.352	.451	.129	011	.782	.439	No
Age-M3	133	.667	033	027	200	.843	No
Age-M4	.238	.858	.046	026	.277	.783	No
-							
H _{04 (i)}							
Age-M1	181	1.058	028	027	171	.865	No
Age-M2	.419	.613	.113	015	.683	.499	No
Age-M3	648	.816	131	010	794	.433	No
Age-M4	533	.778	113	015	685	.498	No
Age-M5	181	.464	065	023	390	.699	No
Age-M6	.829	.501	.266	.045	1.654	.107	No
Age-M7	.629	.377	.267	.046	1.665	.105	No
H04 (ii)	005	470	207	062	1 000	070	Vaa*
Age-M1	895	.479	297	.063	-1.868	.070	Yes*
Age-M2	790	.505	253	.038	-1.566	.126	No
Age-M3	.019	.493	.006	028	.039	.969	No
Age-M4	.410	.772	.088	020	.530	.599	No
Age-M5	333	.819	068	023	407	.686	No
Age-M6	.952	.950	.165	.027	1.002	.323	No Voo ^{**}
Age-M7	-1.724	.793	341	.091	-2.174	.036	Yes**
Age-M8	038	.435	015	028	088	.931	No
H _{04 (iii)}							
Age-M1	-2.067	.522	551	.284	-3.962	.000	Yes ^{***}
Age-M2	.438	.519	.139	008	.843	.405	No
Age-M3	.286	.611	.078	022	.468	.643	No
Age-M4	133	.667	033	027	200	.843	No
Age-M5	.410	.798	.085	020	.513	.611	No
Age-M6	.124	.785	.026	027	.158	.876	No
H _{04 (iv)}							
Age-M1	010	.985	002	028	010	.992	No
Age-M2	914	.608	243	.033	-1.504	.141	No
Age-M3	-1.210	.772	253	.038	-1.566	.126	No
Age-M4	.181	.773	.039	026	.234	.816	No
Age-M5	-1.838	.564	477	.206	-3.259	.002	Yes ^{***}
Age-M6	-3.171	.459	755	.558	-6.907	.000	Yes ^{***}
Age-M7	-2.638	.508	655	.413	-5.196	.000	Yes ^{***}
Age-M8	-2.086	.538	543	.275	-3.880	.000	Yes***
Age-M9	-1.010	.554	291	.059	-1.822	.077	Yes ^{***}
Hos							
WExp-M1	.204	.122	.269	.047	1.676	.102	No
WExp-M2	.204	.122	.269	.047	1.678	.102	No
WExp-M3	267	.140	209	.047	-1.279	.209	No
WEXP-IVI3 WEXp-M4	267	.209	035	027	-1.279	.209	
vvEXP-IVI4	058	.275	055	027	209	.000	No
H05 (i)				1			
WExp-M1	284	.312	150	005	911	.369	No

MKAP,MA 1.120 1.121 1.128 1.00 WExp-M6 225 1.211 179 0.05 1.093 .281 No WExp-M8 262 2.00 213 0.19 131 .198 No WExp-M9 324 1.77 291 .059 826 .076 Yes' WExp-M1 068 1.60 071 023 .426 .672 No WExp-M3 .049 1.18 .051 023 .309 .759 No WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 023	WExp-M2	228	.197	190	.009	-1.159	.254	No
WExp-M4 352 .240 237 .030 -1.465 .152 No WExp-M5 259 201 210 .017 .1.287 .206 No WExp-M6 225 221 168 .001 1.020 .314 No WExp-M7 231 211 179 .005 1.093 .281 No WExp-M8 262 .200 213 .019 -1.311 .198 No WExp-M9 324 .177 291 .059 -1.826 .076 Yesc Hos (ii)	-							
WExp-MS -259 .201 -210 .017 -1.287 .206 No WExp-M6 225 .221 168 .001 -1.020 .314 No WExp-M7 .231 .211 179 .005 -1.020 .314 No WExp-M8 .262 .200 213 .019 -1.311 .198 No WExp-M9 .324 .177 291 .059 -1.826 .076 Yes' Mexp-M9 .324 .177 291 .023 .426 .072 No WExp-M1 .068 .160 071 .023 .426 .072 No WExp-M1 .134 .165 133 .009 .563 .577 No WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 .023 .424 .674 No WExp-M3 .347 .261 .093 .013 .577 No WExp-M4 .051 .139								
WExp-M6 225 .221 168 .001 -1.020 .314 No WExp-M7 231 117 005 -1.093 .281 No WExp-M8 262 .200 213 .019 -1.311 193 No WExp-M9 324 .177 291 .059 -1.826 .076 Yes* Hos(ij) - - - - - - - WExp-M1 .068 .160 071 .023 426 .672 No WExp-M3 .049 .158 .051 .022 .303 .759 No WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 .028 .043 .966 No No WExp-M5 .147 .261 .093 .012 .563 .577 No WExp-M4 .011 .249 .070 .023 .424 .674 No WExp-M3 .551 .139								
WExp-M7 231 .211 179 .005 -1.033 .281 No WExp-M8 262 .200 213 .019 -1.311 .198 No WExp-M9 324 .177 291 .059 -1.826 .076 Yes* Hos (ii) - - - - - - - Wexp-M1 068 .160 071 023 .426 .672 No WExp-M3 .049 .158 .0051 023 .309 .759 No WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 028 .043 .966 No WExp-M4 .114 .261 .093 .019 .563 .577 No WExp-M4 .114 .269 070 .023 .424 .674 No WExp-M3 .324 .228 020 021 .1336 No No WExp-M3 324 .228								
WExp-M8 262 .200 213 .019 -1.311 .198 No WExp-M9 324 .177 291 .059 -1.826 076 Yes' Hos (ii) -								
WExp-M9 324 1.77 291 .059 -1.826 .076 Yes' M65(ii) - - - - - - - WExp-M1 068 .160 071 023 .426 .672 No WExp-M2 134 .165 133 009 .808 .425 No WExp-M3 .049 .158 .051 023 .424 .672 No WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 028 .043 .966 No WExp-M6 156 .307 084 020 .508 .614 No WExp-M6 156 .307 084 .021 .508 .614 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .717 No WExp-M1 500 .328 205 .015 1526 .217 No WExp-M1 .2321 .246								
Hos (ii) Image: Constraint of the second secon								
WExp-M1 068 .160 071 023 426 .672 No WExp-M2 134 .165 133 009 808 .425 No WExp-M3 .049 .158 .051 025 .309 .759 No WExp-M5 .147 .261 .093 019 .563 .577 No WExp-M6 .156 .307 084 020 424 .674 No WExp-M6 .114 .269 070 023 424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .117 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .127 No WExp-M3 .324 .258 .205 .015 .1.266 .217 No WExp-M4 .291 .246 .193 .011 .1.182 .245 No WExp-M5 .019	vvexp-ivi9	324	.1//	291	.059	-1.820	.076	res
WExp-M1 068 .160 071 023 426 .672 No WExp-M2 134 .165 133 009 808 .425 No WExp-M3 .049 .158 .051 025 .309 .759 No WExp-M5 .147 .261 .093 019 .563 .577 No WExp-M6 .156 .307 084 020 424 .674 No WExp-M6 .114 .269 070 023 424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .117 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .127 No WExp-M3 .324 .258 .205 .015 .1.266 .217 No WExp-M4 .291 .246 .193 .011 .1.182 .245 No WExp-M5 .019								
WExp-M2 134 .165 133 009 808 .425 No WExp-M3 .049 .158 .051 025 .309 .759 No WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 028 .043 .966 No WExp-M5 .147 .261 .093 019 .563 .577 No WExp-M6 .156 .307 .084 020 508 .614 No WExp-M7 .114 .269 070 .023 .424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .17 No WExp-M1 .500 .328 246 .035 -1.524 .136 No WExp-M2 .258 .193 .217 .021 .125 .225 .015 -1.256 .217 No WExp-M3 .324 .258 .205 .015 -1.256 .217 No		- 068	160	- 071	- 023	- 126	672	No
WExp-M3 .049 .158 .051 025 .309 .759 No WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 028 .043 .966 No WExp-M5 .147 .261 .093 .019 .563 .577 No WExp-M6 156 .307 084 020 508 .614 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .717 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .717 No WExp-M8 .051 .328 246 .035 -1.524 .0 .00 No WExp-M3 324 .258 205 .015 -1.256 .217 No WExp-M4 .291 .246 .193 .011 -1.182 .245 No WExp-M6 .177 .164 .177 .004 -1.079 .288 No VUse-M1								
WExp-M4 .011 .248 .007 028 .043 .966 No WExp-M5 .147 .261 .093 019 .563 .577 No WExp-M6 156 .307 084 020 .508 .614 No WExp-M7 114 .269 070 023 424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .717 No MExp-M1 .500 .328 246 .035 .1.524 .136 No WExp-M2 .258 .193 .217 .021 .1.326 .190 No WExp-M3 324 .258 205 .015 -1.25 .017 .100 WExp-M3 019 .149 021 .027 .112 .80 No WExp-M4 .011 .125 .029 .027 .171 .865 No WExp-M4 .121			-					
WExp-M5 .147 .261 .093 019 .563 .577 No WExp-M6 156 .307 084 020 508 .614 No WExp-M7 114 .269 070 023 424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .026 023 424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .138 024 .035 -1.524 .136 No WExp-M1 500 .328 246 .035 -1.524 .136 No WExp-M3 324 .258 205 .015 -1.256 .217 No WExp-M4 .291 .246 .193 .011 -1.182 .245 No WExp-M5 019 .149 021 027 .125 .021 No WExp-M6 .177 .164 .177 .004 .107 .004 .027 .171 .865 No								
WExp-M6 156 .307 084 020 508 .614 No WExp-M7 114 .269 070 023 424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .717 No Hos (iii) - - - - - - - - - - - No - - No -								
WExp-M7 114 .269 070 023 424 .674 No WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 024 .365 .717 No Hos (iii)								
WExp-M8 .051 .139 .061 .024 .365 .717 No Hos (iii)								
Hos (ii) Image of the second sec			-			-		
WExp-M1 500 .328 246 .035 -1.524 .136 No WExp-M2 .258 .193 .217 .021 1.336 .190 No WExp-M3 324 .258 .205 .015 -1.256 .217 No WExp-M4 291 .246 .193 .011 -1.125 .902 No WExp-M5 .019 .149 021 027 .125 .902 No WExp-M6 .177 .164 .177 .004 -1.079 .288 No WExp-M7 .021 .125 .029 .027 .171 .865 No WUse-M1 .132 .639 034 027 .207 .838 No VUse-M1 .132 .639 034 027 .207 .838 No VUse-M3 .667 .484 .224 .024 .1376 .177 No VUse-M3 .667	WExp-M8	.051	.139	.061	024	.365	.717	No
WExp-M1 500 .328 246 .035 -1.524 .136 No WExp-M2 .258 .193 .217 .021 1.336 .190 No WExp-M3 324 .258 .205 .015 -1.256 .217 No WExp-M4 291 .246 .193 .011 -1.125 .902 No WExp-M5 .019 .149 021 027 .125 .902 No WExp-M6 .177 .164 .177 .004 -1.079 .288 No WExp-M7 .021 .125 .029 .027 .171 .865 No WUse-M1 .132 .639 034 027 .207 .838 No VUse-M1 .132 .639 034 027 .207 .838 No VUse-M3 .667 .484 .224 .024 .1376 .177 No VUse-M3 .667								
WExp-M2 .258 .193 .217 .021 1.336 .190 No WExp-M3 324 .258 205 .015 -1.256 .217 No WExp-M4 291 .246 193 .011 -1.182 .245 No WExp-M5 019 .149 021 027 125 .902 No WExp-M6 177 .164 177 .004 1.079 .288 No WExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 171 .865 No WExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 171 .865 No WExp-M3 667 .484 224 .027 207 .838 No VUse-M3 667 .484 224 .024 -1.376 .177 No VUse-M3 667 .484 224 .021 471 .640 No VUse-M3 .667		500	220	246	0.05	4 524	120	N
WExp-M3 324 .258 205 .015 -1.256 .217 No WExp-M4 291 .246 193 .011 -1.182 .245 No WExp-M5 019 .149 021 027 125 .902 No WExp-M6 177 .164 177 .004 -1.079 .288 No WExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 171 .865 No WExp-M7 021 .125 .029 027 171 .865 No WExp-M7 021 .125 .029 027 207 .838 No VUse-M1 132 .639 034 021 207 .838 No VUse-M3 667 .484 224 .024 -1.376 .177 No VUse-M4 215 .472 .076 021 471 .640 No VUse-M6 -			-					
WExp-M4 291 .246 193 .011 -1.182 .245 No WExp-M5 019 .149 021 027 125 .902 No WExp-M6 177 .164 177 .004 -1.079 .288 No WExp-M6 177 .164 177 .004 -1.079 .288 No WExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 171 .865 No MExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 207 .838 No VUse-M1 132 .639 034 027 207 .838 No VUse-M2 104 .372 047 026 280 .781 No VUse-M3 667 .484 224 .024 -1.376 .177 No VUse-M6 257 .311 136 009 .827 .414 No VUse-M7 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
WExp-M5 019 .149 021 027 125 .902 No WExp-M6 177 .164 177 .004 -1.079 .288 No WExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 171 .865 No Ho6 -								
WExp-M6 177 .164 177 .004 -1.079 .288 No WExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 171 .865 No Hoe -								
WExp-M7 021 .125 029 027 171 .865 No Ho6	WExp-M5					125	.902	No
Ho6 Image: constraint of the second sec	WExp-M6	177	.164	177	.004	-1.079	.288	No
VUSe-M1 132 .639 034 027 207 .838 No VUSe-M2 104 .372 047 026 280 .781 No VUSe-M3 667 .484 224 .024 -1.376 .177 No VUSe-M4 215 .472 076 022 456 .651 No VUSe-M5 132 .280 078 021 471 .640 No VUSe-M6 257 .311 136 009 .827 .414 No VUSe-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No VUSe-M7 090 .236 .064 .024 382 .704 No VUSe-M7 090 .236 .064 .024 .331 .743 No PEBasiTCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModiTCap .080 <td< td=""><td>WExp-M7</td><td>021</td><td>.125</td><td>029</td><td>027</td><td>171</td><td>.865</td><td>No</td></td<>	WExp-M7	021	.125	029	027	171	.865	No
VUSe-M1 132 .639 034 027 207 .838 No VUSe-M2 104 .372 047 026 280 .781 No VUSe-M3 667 .484 224 .024 -1.376 .177 No VUSe-M4 215 .472 076 022 456 .651 No VUSe-M5 132 .280 078 021 471 .640 No VUSe-M6 257 .311 136 009 .827 .414 No VUSe-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No VUSe-M7 090 .236 .064 .024 382 .704 No VUSe-M7 090 .236 .064 .024 .331 .743 No PEBasiTCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModiTCap .080 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
VUse-M2 104 .372 047 026 280 .781 No VUse-M3 667 .484 224 .024 -1.376 .177 No VUse-M4 215 .472 076 022 456 .651 No VUse-M5 132 .280 078 021 471 .640 No VUse-M6 257 .311 136 009 827 .414 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 .024 382 .704 No PEBasiTCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128								
VUse-M3 667 .484 224 .024 -1.376 .177 No VUse-M4 215 .472 076 022 456 .651 No VUse-M5 132 .280 078 021 471 .640 No VUse-M6 257 .311 136 009 827 .414 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No PEBasITCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
VUse-M4 215 .472 076 022 456 .651 No VUse-M5 132 .280 078 021 471 .640 No VUse-M6 257 .311 136 009 827 .414 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No Hor (i)								No
VUse-M5 132 .280 078 021 471 .640 No VUse-M6 257 .311 136 009 827 .414 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No Hor (i) - - - - - - - PEBasITCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEAdvITCap .022 .167 .035 .135 .894 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No	VUse-M3	667	.484	224	.024	-1.376	.177	No
VUse-M6 257 .311 136 009 827 .414 No VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No Ho7 (i)	VUse-M4	215	.472	076	022	456	.651	No
VUse-M7 090 .236 064 024 382 .704 No Hor (i) - - - - - - - - No PEBasITCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEAdvITCap .022 .167 .035 .135 .894 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 019 .099 156 777 .443 No PEMoodIcIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No	VUse-M5	132	.280	078	021	471	.640	No
Hor (i) 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEBasITCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEAdvITCap .022 .167 .035 .135 .894 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No Hor (ii) - - - - - - - PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEAdvITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013	VUse-M6	257	.311	136	009	827	.414	No
PEBasITCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEAdvITCap .022 .167 .035 .135 .894 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEModITCap .019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEAdvITCap .204 .136 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*	VUse-M7	090	.236	064	024	382	.704	No
PEBasITCap 043 .131 069 331 .743 No PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEAdvITCap .022 .167 .035 .135 .894 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEModITCap .019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEAdvITCap .204 .136 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*								
PEModITCap .080 .196 .106 .408 .686 No PEAdvITCap .022 .167 .035 .135 .894 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No					149			
PEAdvITCap .022 .167 .035 .135 .894 No PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 .038 194 .848 No PEModITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No PEITHelpMoodle 204 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td>			-					_
PEITKNAcadPer .040 .128 .068 .315 .755 No PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No Hor (ii) Image: Constraint of the second	PEModITCap	.080	.196	.106		.408	.686	No
PEITHelpMoodle 077 .099 156 777 .443 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No Mor 194 .848 No .101 .101 .194 .848 No Mor .194	PEAdvITCap	.022	.167	.035		.135	.894	No
PEMoodleIRR 019 .099 038 194 .848 No Hor (ii) PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No PEITHelpMoodle 204 .106 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*	PEITKNAcadPer	.040	.128	.068		.315	.755	No
Hor (ii) Image: Marking Markin	PEITHelpMoodle	077	.099	156		777	.443	No
PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No PEITHelpMoodle 204 .106 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*	PEMoodleIRR	019	.099	038		194	.848	No
PEBasITCap 139 .140 191 995 .328 No PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No PEITHelpMoodle 204 .106 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*								
PEModITCap .091 .209 .105 .434 .668 No PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No PEITHelpMoodle 204 .106 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*					.008			
PEAdvITCap .207 .178 .279 1.160 .255 No PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No PEITHelpMoodle 204 .106 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*	-							No
PEITKNAcadPer 013 .137 019 095 .925 No PEITHelpMoodle 204 .106 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*	PEModITCap	.091	.209	.105		.434	.668	No
PEITHelpMoodle 204 .106 360 -1.934 .062 Yes*	PEAdvITCap	.207	.178	.279		1.160	.255	No
	PEITKNAcadPer	013	.137	019		095	.925	No
PEMoodleIRR .015 .106 .026 .144 .887 No	PEITHelpMoodle	204	.106	360		-1.934	.062	Yes [*]
	PEMoodleIRR	.015	.106	.026		.144	.887	No

H07 (iii)				.115			
PEBasITCap	213	.194	199		-1.097	.281	No
PEModITCap	239	.290	188		823	.417	No
PEAdvITCap	.247	.247	.226		.997	.326	No
PEITKNAcadPer	.194	.190	.194		1.024	.314	No
PEITHelpMoodle	.045	.146	.054		.310	.759	No
PEMoodleIRR	.258	.147	.304		1.756	.089	Yes [*]
H _{07 (iv)}				.050			
PEBasITCap	454	.258	331		-1.758	.089	Yes*
PEModITCap	120	.387	073		311	.758	No
PEAdvITCap	.268	.329	.191		.814	.422	No
PEITKNAcadPer	073	.253	057		290	.774	No
PEITHelpMoodle	.080	.195	.074		.408	.686	No
PEMoodleIRR	.213	.196	.195		1.086	.286	No
Hee m				.109			
Hos (i)	025	100	045	.109	2 100	045	Yes**
EEEasyMoodLA	.035	.196	.045		2.100	.045	
EEMin3hrsInt	.093	.180	.123		.180	.858	No
EEMuchTmInt	.030	.181	.037		.516	.610	No
EEMoodMahdly	.060	.096	.118		.163	.871	No
EEMin3hrsMoodMah	.115	.110	.239	_	.622	.539	No
EEDislMoodMah	.023	.082	.055		1.044	.305	No
EEEffLearnMoodMah	069	.097	148		.273	.787	No
EESocrAppEasy	.360	.179	.396		715	.481	No
H _{08 (ii)}				.468			
EEEasyMoodLA	551	.174	608		-3.161	.004	Yes ^{***}
EEMin3hrsInt	.440	.174	.505		2.749	.004	Yes***
EEMuchTmInt	191	.160	207		-1.187	.245	
	.332	.181	.566		3.875		No Yes ^{***}
EEMoodMahdly EEMin3hrsMoodMah						.001	Yes**
	.214	.098	.386		2.186	.037	
EEDislMoodMah	017	.073	036		231	.819	No
EEEffLearnMoodMah	090	.086	167		-1.047	.304	No
EESocrAppEasy	.520	.159	.498		3.265	.003	Yes ^{***}
H08 (iii)				.261			
EEEasyMoodLA	059	.302	044		195	.847	No
EEMin3hrsInt	.507	.277	.396		1.830	.078	Yes***
EEMuchTmInt	111	.278	082		397	.694	No
EEMoodMahdly	.183	.148	.213		1.236	.226	No
EEMin3hrsMoodMah	.012	.148	.015		.073	.942	No
EEDislMoodMah	.343	.103	.495		2.705	.011	Yes**
EEEffLearnMoodMah	030	.127	038		201	.842	No
EESocrAppEasy	230	.145	150		834	.411	No
,			-				
H08 (iv)				.159			
EEEasyMoodLA	.146	.414	.085		.354	.726	No
EEMin3hrsInt	.313	.380	.190		.822	.418	No
EEMuchTmInt	.047	.382	.027		.123	.903	No
EEMoodMahdly	137	.203	123		672	.507	No
EEMin3hrsMoodMah	.506	.232	.483		2.177	.038	Yes ^{**}
EEDislMoodMah	.362	.174	.405		2.076	.047	Yes**

- 323	205	- 317		-1 578	126	No
				-		No
.575	.570	.190		.551		110
			022			
- 044	080	_ 119		- 552	585	No
				-		No
						No
						No
				-		No
						No
				-		No
.421	.230	.410		1.002	.105	NO
			176			
079	002	100	.170	045	252	No
						No
						Yes**
				-		
						No
						No Yes ^{**}
				-		
.484	.259	.417		1.868	.072	Yes*
			076			
222	120	252	.070	1 720	004	V*
	_			-		Yes*
						No
			_			No
			_			No
						No
						No
033	.403	019		081	.936	No
			088			
100	165	224	.000	1 1 5 2	250	No
						_
				-		No
						No Yes [*]
						No
						No
.517	.515	.230		1.005	.323	No
			134			
226	100	<u>/</u> 51		2 266	021	Yes ^{**}
						No
						No
						Yes*
				-		No
						No
						No
						No
						No
وور.	.235	.400		1.700	.100	NU
			.249			
408	.369	207		-1.105	.277	No
	323 375 044 .071 .174 127 .036 207 .421 207 .421 207 .421 207 .421 207 .421 207 .421 207 .421 207 .421 217 082 .248 031 .247 426 .484 031 .247 426 .484 031 .247 426 .484 015 .267 .313 .015 033 149 136 .267 .313 .015 033 149 136 .267 .313 .015 033 149 038 018 .227 .313 .015 033 018 .227 .313 .015 033 018 .227 .313 .015 .517 254 .226 .085 .062 319 .165 254 .237 254 .237 254 .237	375 .378 044 .080 .071 .114 .174 .112 127 .111 .036 .148 207 .184 .421 .250 - .078 .078 .083 078 .083 082 .118 .248 .116 031 .115 .247 .153 426 .190 .484 .259 - .129 .149 .183 .136 .180 .267 .178 .313 .238 .015 .296 .033 .403 .267 .178 .313 .238 .015 .296 .033 .403 .2016 .305 .016 .305 .016 .305 .016 .305 .015	375 .378 190 044 .080 119 .071 .114 .111 .174 .112 .363 127 .111 252 .036 .148 .043 207 .184 273 .421 .250 .418 078 .083 182 082 .118 111 .248 .116 .449 031 .115 054 .247 .153 .253 .426 .190 487 .484 .259 .417 - - - .223 .129 .353 149 .183 138 .131 .238 .218 .015 .296 .012 .033 .403 019 033 .403 019 .190 .165 .234 .015 .236 017	375 .378 190 044 .080 119 .071 .114 .111 .174 .112 .363 127 .111 252 .036 .148 .043 207 .184 273 .421 .250 .418 082 .118 117 .083 182	375 .378 190 991 044 .080 119 022 044 .080 119 .552 .071 .114 .111 .621 .174 .112 .363 1.554 127 .111 .252 .1144 .036 .148 .043 .245 .207 .184 .273 .1125 .421 .250 .418 1.682 078 .083 182 .945 .082 .118 .111 .695 .248 .116 .449 .2147 .031 .115 .054 .271 .247 .153 .253 1.612 .426 .190 .487 .2239 .484 .259 .417 1.868 .119 .183 .138 .815 .136 .180 .168 .756 .267 .178 .314 1.497	375 .378 190 991 .330 044 .080 119 022 - 044 .080 119 552 .585 .071 .114 .111 .621 .539 .071 .114 .112 .363 1.554 .131 127 .111 252 -1.144 .262 .036 .148 .043 .245 .808 207 .184 .273 -1.125 .269 .207 .184 .213 .115 .269 .207 .184 .213 .103 .115 .083 .182 .945 .352 .082 .118 .111 .6625 .492 .244 .115 .054 .271 .789 .247 .153 .253 1.612 .117 .426 .190 .487 .2.239 .033 .484 .259 .417 .186

BINotEnvLmtITLA	.235	.244	.203		.965	.342	No
BIAchLearnObjWtoutIT	245	.189	271		-1.294	.204	No
H ₀₁₂				.048			
TLEConLearnEnv	053	.145	086		364	.718	No
TLELearnOut	171	.196	231		873	.389	No
TLEClassLay	.022	.190	.026		.114	.910	No
TLEOverArr	133	.164	168		813	.422	No
H013				.100			
FCLibResAvailSuppLrn	551	.216	687		-2.550	.016	Yes ^{***}
FCMoodMahWellOrg	.366	.208	.438		1.764	.087	Yes [*]
FCCondLearnEnv	.036	.269	.041		.134	.894	No
FCSocAppHelp	.042	.199	.044		.214	.832	No
H014							

'Gend-M1 to Mi = Gender Model 1 to ith; Age-M1 to Mi = Age Model 1 to ith; WExp-M1 to Mi = Work Experience Model 1 to ith; VUse-M1 to Mi = voluntariness of use (proxied by students' preference) Model 1 to ith; PEBasITCap = Performance Expectancy - Students possess basic computer capabilities; PEModITCap = Performance Expectancy - Students possess moderate computer capabilities; PEAdvITCap = Performance Expectancy - Students possess advanced computer capabilities; PEITKNAcadPer = Performance Expectancy - Computer knowledge directly influences academic performance; PEITHelpMoodle = Performance Expectancy - No need for IT help in the use of Moodle or Mahara; PEMoodleIRR = Performance Expectancy - Moodle is irrelevant in achieving module's pass marks; EEEasyMoodLA = Effort Expectancy - Students can easily use Moodle or Mahara in learning activities; EEMin3hrsInt = Effort Expectancy - Students spend at least 3 hours on the internet in every 24 hours; EEMuchTmInt = Effort Expectancy - Students spend a lot of time on the internet; EEMoodMahdly = Effort Expectancy - Students use Moodle or Mahara on daily basis; EEMin3hrsMoodMah = Effort Expectancy - Students spend at least 3 hours on Moodle or Mahara daily; EEDisIMoodMah = Effort Expectancy - Students do not like using Moodle or Mahara; EEEffLearnMoodMah = Effort Expectancy - Students always try to learn how to use Moodle or Mahara; EESocrAppEasy = Effort Expectancy - Socrative application; SINotUsdMoodMahPst = Social Influence - Students have never seen or used Moodle in the past; SIHelpCollonline = Social Influence - Students find it helpful to work with their colleagues online; SISeekAsstClassmAss = Social Influence - Students seek for the assistance of their classmates when submitting assignments on Moodle or Mahara; SIMentAsstMoodMah = Social Influence - Students have mentors that assist them in using Moodle or Mahara; SIPersLaptop = Social Influence -Students have personal laptops for their studies; SIMostClassLaptop = Social Influence - Most of the students' classmates have personal laptops for their studies; SIPartCommStaffStd = Social Influence - Students feel part of the community of staff and students; FCNotUsdMoodMahPst = Facilitating Conditions - Students have never seen or used Moodle in the past; FCHelpCollOnline = Facilitating Conditions - Students find it helpful to work with their colleagues online; FCSeekAsstClssmaMood = Facilitating Conditions - Students seek for the asisstance of their classmates when submitting assignments on Moodle or Mahara: FCPersTutAssITIssues = Facilitating Conditions - Personal tutors assist students in addressing IT issues: FCPartCommStaffStd = Facilitating Conditions - Students feel part of the community of staff and students; FCLibResAvailSuppLrn = Facilitating Conditions - Library resources are always available to support students learning; FCMoodMahWellOrg = Facilitating Conditions - Moodle and Mahara sites are well-organised and work smoothly to support students' learning; FCCondLearnEnv = Facilitating Conditions - Learning environment can be described as very conducive for learning; FCSocAppHelp = Facilitating Conditions - Students find the use of Socrative Application in the class very helpful; BIContUsgITResLearn = Behavioural Intention - Students intend to continue using IT resources and facilities to support their learning process; BIEngInvITEnhLE = Behavioural Intention - Students are happy to engage with any invention in IT to enhance their learning experience; BINotEnvLmtITLA = Behavioural Intention - Students do not envisage limited use of IT in learning activities; BIAchLearnObjWtoutIT = Behavioural Intention - Students can achieve their learning objectives without IT or any online resources.

The results of the unified theory of acceptance and use of technology model are presented in Table 8. In most cases, students' gender was insignificant in the determination of their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning approach. There was also no evidence that gender determines the state of their performance expectancy, effort expectancy and social influence. However, we found a positive relationship between gender and students' perception on the relevance of the use of Moodle in achieving module's pass mark.

We tested H₀₄ to assess whether age group is a significant factor in the determination of behavioural intention, social influence, effort expectancy, performance expectancy and facilitating conditions towards the effective use of technology and blended learning

approach. We found some evidence of relationship in effort expectancy, performance expectancy and the perception of students on facilitating condition. In effort expectancy, the easy use of Moodle was found to be determined by students' age group. The extent of how students try to develop expertise on the use of Moodle was also by their age group. In performance expectancy, the possession of basic computer capabilities was determined by age group. We found a strong correlation between students' age and their perception on the relevance of facilitating conditions for effective use of technology and blended learning.

We tested the influence of students' work experience on their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning approach. There was no evidence of relationship except in collaborative learning and the usefulness of Socrative application. We found a positive relationship between students' work experience and their effort towards collaborative learning and the acceptance of the importance of learning software applications such as Socrative. Based on H₀₆, we found no evidence to suggest any relationship between students' voluntariness of use proxied by their preference and the effect of social influence on their behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning.

The testing of H₀₇, H₀₈ and H₀₉ was to assess whether performance expectancy, effort expectancy and social influence have effects on the students' behavioural intention towards the effective use of technology and blended learning. From the numerous sub-hypotheses tested, we found that most students possess basic computer capabilities and do not expect IT help in the use of Moodle to achieve learning objectives. Surprisingly, the sub-hypothesis of Moodle irrelevance in achieving module's pass mark (H_{07(iii)}) was found to be significant. Students believe that learning objectives and pass mark can be achieved without the use of Moodle. We have not investigated further to find factors behind this finding. Our results have also indicated the significance of having easy access to Moodle (H_{08 (ii)}); spending at least 3 hours on the internet in every 24 hours, using Moodle or Mahara on a daily basis, and the relevance of Socrative application in learning activities (H_{08 (ii)}). Social influence was also found to have effect on students' behavioural intention towards effective blended learning in the areas where students have never seen or used Moodle in the past (H₀₉

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(iii)), students are seeking for the assistance of their classmates when submitting assignments on Moodle or Mahara; most of the students' classmates have personal laptops; and students feel part of the community of staff and students (H₀₉ (ii)). Students were also found to have mentors that assist them in using Moodle and Mahara facilities.

We have also tested whether facilitating conditions such as conducive learning environment and adequate library resources are factors that determine students' use of technology behaviour towards effective blended learning. The results of our analysis show that only the use of Moodle and the assistance offered to students by tutors in addressing IT issues are significant in the influence of their use of technology behaviour towards effective blended learning. However, students' enthusiasm to engage with any innovation in IT has been found to be relevant in the determination of use of technology behaviour towards effective blended learning. We found no evidence to suggest that the state of learning environment using proxies such as classroom layout and conducive atmosphere for learning dictates the success of blended learning approach. Contrarily, the quality of instructional design in terms of the availability of library resources and the coordination of Moodle and Mahara are key factors for achieving positive students' experience through blended learning approach.

5. Conclusion

Action research was undertaken to reassess the effectiveness of a blended learning approach among the International MBA students at Birmingham City University. It was discovered that students were very engaged during traditional learning session with no distractions from the use of phones or other IT gadgets. Most of the students from the European states seemed to be dissatisfied with the session. The critical issue to the students was observed to be the limited use of IT facilities in the session. Contrarily, majority of the students from the African and Asian states were very satisfied with the traditional approach because of the absence of distraction from the use of personal phones or laptops. It was also discovered that students in higher education have different characteristics in terms of previous educational experiences, interests, expectation and readiness for learning that determine the quality of their learning experiences. Students were satisfied with the blended learning approach adopted irrespective of their countries of origin. On the same note, students were very excited and engaged during the blended learning session. The results show a significant relationship between age and students' performance expectancy, effort expectancy and facilitating conditions. Although, the majority of the respondents are within the age bracket of 20 to 29, we found evidence that the younger the students the more important those factors will be in facilitating their effort to associate with technology for successful blended learning. It also indicates that students' engagement is determined by positive learning experience. In particular, wellorganized module structure and learning approach are the key factors responsible for positive learning experience. Students' gender coefficients were found to be insignificant with regard to performance, effort, social influence and other facilitating conditions that determine students' engagement with technology towards effective blended learning.

Areas of further research could be in assessing students' engagement and experience regarding alternative learning methods that could be incorporated into the blended learning approach. These learning methods include open discussions, self-learning presentations and posters, storytelling, real-life case studies, guest lectures and game-based learning. It will also be meaningful to explore further the impact of students' economic, social and cultural background on their learning achievements. The acceptability of different online learning resources and software applications among international students should be investigated.

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